The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—There are 12,000 unemployed men in San Francisco.

—Only a quarter admission to the Centennial to-day.

—Hon. A. H. Stevens is well enough to eat corn off the cob.

—Millions of grasshoppers are prospecting in the Black Hills.

—The prolonged railroad freight fight threatens ruin to some of the railroads.

—Lieut. Cameron, the African explorer, has been made a commander in the British navy.

—The English West African squadron has blockaded the ports of the King of Dahomey.

—Be careful about your language at home. If U-swear or I-swear, it's better to go and do it L-swear.

—Many Senators and Representatives called on the President yesterday and bade him good-bye.

—The capsizing of a small boat drowned four colored people at Long Branch on Thursday evening.

—The birthday of the Emperor of Austria was celebrated in the main centennial building yesterday.

—One hundred and fifty New York stone masons have been engaged to go to Greenock, Scotland.

—Queen Isabella, when leaving Paris for Spain, sent $1,000 to the Prefect of the Seine for the poor of the city.

—Sam. Tilden to Congressman Hewitt—"There is a divinity that shapes our ends rough, Hewitt, as we will."

—The Sultan continues to have delirium tremens, and thinks he sees Ben Butler coming up the back stairs with a bustle on.

—One Maryland firm will put up 1,000,000 cans of tomatoes, and 1,000,000 dogs will wag their tails derisively until the cans are empty.

—Proctor Knott is a little fellow, with rosy cheeks and a white mustache, and he is the man who tried to pick a fly off Blaine's hind leg.

—Nearly all the competing crews for the international regatta have arrived at Philadelphia, and several are already practicing on the Schuylkill.

—The Emperor of China has forbidden the emigration of his subjects to Spanish colonies, because the coolies in Cuba are treated no better than slaves.

—The Rev. P. A. Nordell, pastor of the Baptist church in Lee, Mass., spends his vacation in frescoing the church, and does it, too, in a very workmanlike manner.

—Albert Rhodes asks in the September *Galaxy*, "Shall we drink wine?" This invitation is too general. Let Mr. Rhodes make it more personal and he will find out.

—Democratic Congressmen who, in their haste to get out of Washington, happened to forget their landladies and washerwomen she reminded that the registered letter system is in good working order.

—President Seelye is said to have been converted from an Independent to a zealous Republican by his term in Congress. He is quoted as saying that a possible return of the Democrats to power is a serious thing to contemplate.

—The descendants of John Smith are to have a reunion at Peapack, N. J., on the 6th prox. The railroad companies are doing their best, but express doubts as to their ability to provide adequate transportation thither for over one hundred and fifty thousand persons.

—A Middleport (Ohio) dispatch says a plan to rob the First National Bank at that place by kidnapping the cashier was defeated by one of the conspirators revealing the scheme to the authorities, and Wm. Poindexter, Jos. Thomas and Thos. McGuire were arrested.

—Alcohol was invented 950 years ago in Arabia, and was used by ladies with a powder for painting their faces. Since that time it has been used mainly by gentlemen for painting their noses, and used in a plain state because they required no powder to fire them off.

—The widow of Gen. Custer arrived at her home at Monroe, Mich., last week. A number of friends were at the depot to receive her, on seeing whom she gave way to her emotions and fainted. Several of the wives of those who were slain in the Sioux massacre accompanied her.

—Only four years more for either of the great parties to exist, is the prediction of the Hon. S. F. Cary. He says by the end of that time they "will be disintegrated and ground to powder." Cary himself will burn before that time if he keeps up inflating himself at the present rate.

—The financial depression which began here in 1873 and has gradually extended to nearly every country is now severely felt in Portugal. A number of banks and commercial houses have failed at Oporto, and heavy remittances have been made from England to lessen the effects of the crisis.

—Herr Pieper has devised a new method of tempering and hardening glass, which consists in submitting the glass, while at red heat, to the action of superheated steam. It is reported that this process has been so far successful as to induce the German glass makers to give Pieper $75,000 for his patent.

—The ancient mariner no longer tells fish stories; even the sea-serpent has lost its hold upon his imagination; he runs to potato bugs now. The Captain of a New London vessel reports being boarded at sea by Colorado beetles. They appeared in such overwhelming force that the hatches had to be closed.

—During the recent session of Congress there were introduced in the House of Representatives 4,105 bills and 164 joint resolutions, and in the Senate 1,045 bills and 189 joint resolutions. Of this number about 145 public acts, 130 private acts, 13 public joint resolutions and 5 private resolutions have become laws.

—Anna Kemp Bowler's injuries, sustained by a fall while acting in the National Theater, at Washington, on Wednesday night, consist of fractured collar bones and shoulder blade. Anna, it will be remembered, figured prominently in this city in connection with the Mary Morgan trial. But when it got into difficulty she had sense enough to "skip."

—The newspapers are full of reports of suicides in all parts of the country. Various causes may be assigned for this increase of the self-destructive mania—among them the hard times, the scarcity of employment, and the extreme heat of the summer. Unfortunately, one such case in a locality usually produces another, while the newspapers keep up a succession of the melancholy reports.

—Yesterday President Grant, at the instance of the Republican Congressmen of Mississippi, made an extensive change of Federal officers in that State, including the Marshal for the Southern district and principal postmasters. The Congressmen say that the new appointments will have the effect of reconciling all the different elements, and will strengthen the party with a prospect of securing the electoral vote for Hayes and Wheeler.

—Americans, as a rule, have a thorough admiration for pluck and perseverance, without caring much what kind of a cause it is shown. When they see a man who by sheer force of will has overcome obstacles apparently insurmountable, and triumphed over personal opposition of the most bitter and virulent character, they are apt to sympathize and applaud. We have just witnessed what is perhaps the most remarkable instance in the history of art of a triumph of this sort in the production of Richard Wagner's trilogy at Bayreuth, and we ought to rejoice with him in his success.

—The Connecticut Peace Society's resolutions oppose the return of the Indian Bureau to the War Department, denounces the invasion of the Black Hills, charges that the Indian war was forced upon the Indians to prevent a reduction in the army, demand an investigation of the many enumerated outrages by the military on the Indians, declare that General Custer's death was a just retribution for the slaughter of friendly Indians, urge universal amnesty to ex-Confederates, and the removal of the army from the Indian country. Now, why don't they demand that the American people pack up and leave this country altogether?

—Tilden and Hendricks, it seems, have two more letters to write that will tax their ingenuity quite as much as any they ever wrote. The Executive Committee of the Soldiers' National Reunion, to be held at Caldwell, Ohio, September 5, have invited them to attend, and if they cannot attend, to answer by letter to be read to the soldiers at the reunion. The soldiers close their letter of invitation in these significant words: "Please have the kindness to answer completely to the soldiers of the Union, by letter if you cannot come, and by speech if you can come, this single question, 'What did you, or either of you, ever do or say, from 1861 to 1865, to advance the interests of that cause whose triumph we are to celebrate at our approaching reunion?'"

—The tailor's bill of the shrewd tramp is paid by the county in this wise: One of the lodgers in the Cumberland station house, Maryland, stripped himself last week, rent his vermin-covered garments, laid them in a pile in the centre of his cell and set fire to them. Puffs of ill-savored smoke escaped from the window, and the officers rushing in, found him coaxing the embers. There was a scamper for pails, but before water could be brought the old clo's were reduced to ashes. The tramp was willing to do anything to oblige the authorities. He would stay in the station house all summer, and board at the county's expense; he would set out on his travels stark naked through the village, or he would take a new suit of clothes, without reference to the cut. He got the clothes.

SECOND EDITION

THE INDIAN CAMPAIGN.

The Situation at the Seat of War.

Gens. Terry's and Crook's Commands United—The Indians Not Anxious to Fight—The Reported Battle Between Gen. Terry and Redskins Not Confirmed—Crow Volunteers—Horses and Cattle Stolen—Grey Eagle Scalped—Sitting Bull's Reply to an Indian Agent's Message to Cease Fighting—The Force of the Hostiles.

ST. PAUL, August 18.—Capt. Collins, of the Seventeenth Infantry, arrived at Bismarck from Ft. Buford last night. He fails to confirm the squaw reports of the recent battle between Indians and Terry's forces. Scouts from Terry's column two days out arrived at Buford on Monday evening. Couriers who arrived at the supply depot at the mouth of the Rosebud on the 11th inst. report that Terry's command went ahead of Gen. Crook's command early on the 10th. Crook's men were following a large Indian trail in the direction of Powder river. Upon a short consultation Gens. Terry and Crook's commands were united, and proceeded on the trail. Crook was following. The Fifth Infantry was detached from Terry's column and ordered back to the stockade, with restrictions to take 40,000 rations, embark on the steamer Far West and patrol the Yellowstone river as far as the mouth of Powder river, and ascertain whether or not the Indians had succeeded in crossing the Yellowstone or not. If not, they are to prevent them. In the meantime Terry and Crook will come down on them with their combined commands, and force a battle. It is not positively known whether the Indians are on the Tongue river or Powder river.

Five hundred Crows volunteered to join Gen. Terry. They were at once rationed and forwarded to him. They will be sent down the north side of the river with Gen. Miles' command (Fifth Infantry.)

The *Pioneer Press and Tribune* has a special from Bismarck this evening, containing interesting news additional to that already sent. The steamer Silver Lake arrived from above to-day. She reports that the steamer Key West was fired into a few miles below Ft. Buford on Tuesday by a party of about fifty Indians. No damage was done. Well armed Indians recently run off a herd of four hundred beef cattle from the Black Hills, killing all but one. A large number of horses have also been run off. The "boys" killed one Indian, and his head, preserved in alcohol, will be sent to Washington when an opportunity presents. Grey Eagle's scalp, taken by Dave Campbell, was sent to the Bismarck *Tribune* by the steamer Josephine, so that settles the question whether the fellow was scalped.

Medicine Cloud and a party belonging to the Ft. Peck agency, whom Maj. Mitchell, agent at Ft. Peck, sent to Sitting Bull with a message on May 25th last, has returned to the agency. The message sent by Maj. Mitchell to Sitting Bull was to the effect that he desired him to come and visit Ft. Peck, hoping such a step would result in his returning upon the reservation and ceasing from hostilities against the whites. Sitting Bull replied on July 27th: "Tell him I am coming before long to his post to trade. Tell him I did not commence, that I did not want to fight, but the whites rushed into me, and I am compelled to defend myself; that but for the soldiers stationed on Rosebud I, with my people, would have been there before; that if I was assured of the protection of the Great Father I would go to Ft. Peck for the purpose of making peace, and the other chiefs want the Black Hills abandoned and we will make peace."

Medicine Cloud numbers the hostiles as consisting of Brules, Unecpapas, Yeatton, Winneconjas, Saranacs, Ogallalas, Cheyennes and Backfeet. Of the latter there are but thirty lodges. He says he does not remember the names of many of the leading chiefs. Four Horns and Black Moon are Unecpapas. Each nation has two or three chiefs present, and they all insist they did not intend to fight the whites, but the Santos commenced the trouble. Some years ago the whites crowded them back on to them, so they took it up. He says also that there are no Yanktonits with them. He estimates the hostiles as consisting of from 8,000 to 10,000 fighting men. The Saranacs and Cheyennes are the most numerous, and they all have many women and children with them. There were several chiefs, besides Handing Rock, but they did not engage in the fight. One of these chiefs started to go to the whites with a paper at the commencement of the fight, but was shot. There are no white men co-operating with them. He does not know how much ammunition they have, but they have plenty of guns and pistols. He thinks they get ammunition from a place called the "Burning Grounds," beyond the Black Hills. They captured many horses during the fight, and but few mules. The Blackfoot Indians made many days' march capturing of horses, etc., to the warriors in order to induce them to retire from the conflict, but after accepting the offer their request was not allowed. They watch continually for whites, but do not intend to attack, but will fight hard in their own defence. They are living entirely on meat, which they find it very hard to procure, owing to the proximity of the whites. The hostile camp is now on Tongue river, south of the Yellowstone, eleven and a half days' ride. The Indians are in constant alarm. There is no sleep in their camp.

In answer to inquiries concerning the fight of the Little Big Horn, he says the total number of Indians killed was thirty-one, and his estimate of our loss corresponds with what has been heretofore published. He saw five dead Indians in camp, dressed in citizen's clothes. The son of Big Chief of the Shians was killed, and was one of the nine warriors found in a tent. There were nine tents of warriors men, but none were chiefs. The horses, the property of the dead men, were killed, in accordance with their religion, that they may have horses upon which to ride to the happy hunting grounds.

The Ft. Peck letter concludes: While I am writing a large party of hostile Indians have just arrived upon the opposite bank of the river, including sons of the chiefs Four Horns and Black Moon, and are now engaged in telegraphing across the river by signs to Indians on this side, but what their object is has not transpired as yet.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has given permission to Gen. Sheridan to raise one hundred Pawnee scouts for the Sioux war.

Secretary Chandler has appointed a commission to treat with the Sioux, as provided for in the Indian appropriation bill passed by Congress at the last session.

SPEAKER KERR.

His Death Momentarily Expected.

ROCK BRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, VA., August 18.—Mr. Kerr suffered most intense agony to midnight last night, but thereafter rested more comfortably. His death is now only a question of time, and that a short one. His mind is still clear and active—his will as firm and resolute as ever. Hon. S. S. Cox and wife have just arrived to pay their last tribute to the dying Speaker. He converses with them as freely as his failing strength will allow. Hon. Montgomery Blair has had to days long conversation with Mr. Kerr. Dr. Pope says he cannot last much longer. The Speaker is surrounded by his friends, who are momentarily expecting his death. This morning he dictated a dispatch to his law partner at Washington, in which, after telling of his intense pain, he says: "The end of it all is near at hand. I wish it could be painless, but I fear not. When the news comes to you bear it bravely and resignedly, for I will. My heart still turns to you with the warmest love."

THE SPORTING WORLD.

The Turf.

UTICA, N. Y., August 18.—First race, 2:26 class; won by Great Eastern in 2:20¾. 2:22½ and 2:24. Second race, 2:20 class, won by Rarus in 2:23½, 2:21½ and 2:23. After the exhibition of the famous trotters before the grand stand, Dan Mace's bay mare Amy trotted two trial heats without a break or skip. Time 2:20¼ and 2:20¾.

Base Ball.

LOUISVILLE, August 18.—Louisvilles, 4; Cincinnatis, 1.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 18.—Indianapolis, 2; Buckeyes, 1.

BOSTON, August 18.—Hartfords, 5; Bostons, 4.

ERIE, PA., August 18.—Erie, 22; Browns, 1.

Attacking the Wrong Train.

ST. LOUIS, August 18.—The Kansas City *Times* this morning says an attempt to rob a train on the Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs Railroad was made night before last. A party of men are said to have planned an attack on the pay car, which was expected to come over the road that night, but by mistake stopped the regular passenger train, producing great consternation among the passengers. When the error was discovered, the would-be robbers rode off into the woods and the train proceeded on its way.

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

The Freshest Gleanings from the Old World.

THE WAR IN TURKEY.

BELGRADE, August 18.—Prince Milan has received from several, if not from all the powers, congratulations upon the birth of an heir, all of which contain expressions leaving no doubt in the mind of the Prince that the powers are desirous of seeing an end to the war, which is dangerous to the general peace of Europe. The result is Servia is ready for peace, but will not consent to the deposition of Prince Milan, or sacrifice of any territory, nor will she submit to Turkish administration. The Servians are defending Milanovatz. If it falls Turkish advances on Belgrade and Servendria could not be prevented.

To-day the Turks attacked the outposts near Bielina, and were repulsed. They attacked the Drina army yesterday near Badovinatz, and were repulsed with great loss. The reports that the Servians were defeated in Drina and at Banja are pure inventions.

LONDON, August 18.—A correspondent writing from Philippopolis, under date of August 11th, says: The condition of the Turkish army at Nish is deplorable, and starvation is threatening. The country around does not afford supplies of forage. Along the road between Nish and Sofra the villages are all abandoned. The army will soon be obliged to advance into Servian territory for supplies, or retreat.

Prince Milan yesterday gave audience to the Consuls of six powers separately. A strong pressure was brought to bear in favor of peace or armistice, but the Prince refused. The report is untrue that Belgrade is being prepared for siege.

LONDON, August 19.—The *Daily News'* dispatch from Scutari says the report of the Turkish defeat at Brisanski on the 8th inst. is confirmed. The Turkish losses are estimated at 1,100.

General Tchernayeff is reported to have issued a general order that all Circassians and Bashi Bazouks shall be shot without parley when captured.

Russian sympathy in the Servian cause is becoming more ostentatious. Russian officers are in capital in uniform and many Russian Sisters of Charity are seen in the streets and hospitals. The Servian Government has just received a loan of 3,000,000 roubles in Russia, and the war is gradually becoming an affair, not of the Russian Government, but of the Russian people. There is a strong current of Russia drifting or being driven into the war.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 18.—General DeCissey's resignation was requested by President MacMahon. This action is construed to mean that the President wishes his war ministry to be no longer subject to parliamentary vicissitudes, and the change during the recess, and the selection of General Berthaut, who is not a member of Parliament, excites considerable comment, particularly among the Republicans.

LONDON, August 19.—A special to the *Standard* from Paris reports that a savage duel has been fought in Belgium between M. M. Pindy and Chardon, two well known Communists refugees. The weapons were sabres. One combatant received six gashes and the other eight. The flesh was sliced from their faces, and both fainted from the loss of blood. The cause of the duel was that the parties had accused each other of robbing the Commune.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 18.—The King of Dahomey holds four Frenchmen as hostages, and threatens to kill them if the British squadron fires upon the natives.

John Fredrick Lewis, R. A., the well known painter, is dead.

THE LAST OPERA.

Impressive Rendition of "The Twilight of the Gods."

Conclusion of the Trilogy at Bayreuth—Wagner Called Before the Curtain.

(N. Y. Herald.)

BAYREUTH, BAVARIA, Aug. 17, 1876.

The agony is over, and the grandest of all operatic conceptions, the music drama over which Richard Wagner toiled and dreamed for twenty years, has been given to the world in its complete form. To-night the trilogy, or rather quartet of operas, was brought to a triumphal conclusion with the representation of "Gotterdammerung" —(Twilight of the Gods.) Although "Siegfried," as leading solely with the adventurous history of the hero, who may be considered as the central figure of the music drama, possesses a considerable share of dramatic interest, yet in point of varied action, wondrous scenic triumphs and the fine painting the "Twilight of the Gods" surpasses the rest of the work. In it are concentrated the choicest gems of the three preceding works, and with their crystallized motives as a framework, Wagner has painted the grandest musical and dramatic subject that ever entered the mind of composer. Since the days of Æschylus no more ambitious effort has been put on the operatic stage, and since Beethoven laid down his inspired pen, no such colossal music has been heard on the operatic stage. There were nearly two thousand people present at the closing performance, and when the curtain fell on the magnificent scene of Brunnhilde's self-immolation, the entire audience rose as one, and the building shook with rounds of deafening applause.

A Notable Triumph.

It was a triumph such as no composer has ever attained during his lifetime, and can only be matched in that memorable night in Vienna when the master of all music masters, Beethoven, was greeted by the acclamations from the ardent Viennese on the occasion of the performance of the immortal Choral Symphony. The audience at the Festal Theatre at Bayreuth to-night was even more striking. Kings, princes, dukes, renowned statesmen, famous artists and *litterateurs*, and a host of other celebrities cheered vociferously and the composer came forward and bowed his acknowledgments to an audience such as never before was gathered within the walls of a theatre. It was a proud moment for Wagner, the goal for which he had long and persistently striven. He seemed deeply affected, and for some moments words and voice failed him. He expressed his warmest thanks in emotional accents, and said that he must defer his remarks on the performances for a future occasion. Yet he felt himself impelled to speak of the unfaltering devotion and sublime inspiration of the artists who interpreted his music drama.

The Artists Refuse to Appear.

The artists were then called for, but as they had agreed among themselves not to appear before the curtain in their ordinary dress, lest the illusions of the stage by which they contributed so much should be lost on the minds of the audience, the call was respectfully declined.

The majestic scene of Siegfried's death, with its startling surroundings, so well befitting the end of such a representative hero, was one to be remembered for a lifetime. The hunting party on the banks of the Rhine, the joyous spirits of the unsuspecting victim of treachery, the dastardly stab in the back, the dying reproaches of the hero and the grand *marche funebre*, formed a musical and dramatic climax that stirred to their inmost depths the hearts of all present. Then came the wild lament of Brunnhilde and her self-immolation. The horse, Grane, was brought forward, and as she sprang upon his back and sang her farewell, previous to mounting the funeral pyre of her dead hero, the music assumed an intensity of passion rarely equalled in the entire range of the divine art. On this wonderful scene the curtain descended for the last time, and the trilogy was ended. Mme. Materna was a superb representative of the Valkyr from first to last. Her voice and acting left nothing to be wished for in the delineation of the exacting *role* of Brunnhilde.

A Review of the Four Performances.

Looking back on those four performances a few general remarks may not be out of place here. "Rheingold," although it possesses many attractions on account of its surprising scenic effects, and also as an illustration of the life of the ancient Teutonic divinities was rather monotonous in a musical point of view. "Die Walkure" was a decided musical success, especially in certain melodious passages, which were vehemently applauded. Those passages were not exactly the ones most grateful to the ultra Wagnerites, but they were the most appreciated by the majority of the audience.

The Ride of the Valkyrs and the fire scene were the scenes that received the largest share of applause. They are so magnificently scored that they must be regarded as two of Wagner's most powerful creations. "Siegfried" is a unique work, idyllic and characteristic. But in the finale of the trilogy the very highest form of musical and dramatic grandeur is attained.

The patrons of the music drama, among whom are so many royal dignitaries, will have a banquet to-morrow evening, at which Wagner will preside and will deliver a long address.

The Anti-Wagnerites.

who came to scoff, have remained to praise. Although they still maintain that melody is conspicuous by its absence in Wagner's works and sneer at that *endliche melodie*, throwing the entire weight of his musical energy into the dialogue as the chief factor of the action, yet they are forced to admit that the "Ring of the Nibelungen" is the greatest work ever written by Wagner. They recognize the fact that in it Wagner has given predominance to the dramatic over the lyric characterization as subject and poetry demanded. Notwithstanding some acts extend to wearying length on account of the necessities of gradual development of action, music and plot, yet every one here admits that the "Ring of the Nibelungen" will stand as a model for future generations of the highest dramatic and musical character.

The weather has been charming during the festival. The Emperors of Germany and Brazil left Bayreuth after the performance of "Die Walkure" on Monday night.

THE FIELD OF POLITICS.

The Republican Campaign Opened in Indiana by Gen. Ben. Harrison.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 18.—Gen. Ben. Harrison began his canvass for Governor of Indiana at Danville, in Hendricks' county, to-day, where he addressed a large meeting, and spoke for nearly three hours, and almost entirely on national politics, his only reference to State matters being a warm advocacy of such an amendment of the State Constitution as would permit of the enactment of a rigid registry law. He had only a single sentence for Hendricks, which was that if he had said or done any thing in favor of his country in her hour of trial, history had failed to record it. He reviewed at some length and in strong terms the history of the Democratic party, claiming that as an organization it was disloyal to the country. He then took up the record of Tilden, beginning with the Kent letter of 1860, which he characterized as the utterances of a secessionist, reading portions of it and commenting on them at length and with much severity. He took up in order the letter of Dr. Russell, showing that Tilden held the same sentiments in April, 1861, and proved the same thing by his refusal to take part in the war meeting in April, 1861, and by the Chicago peace resolution of 1864. He then dealt with Tilden as the ally of Tweed and a sham reformer, and was frequently interrupted by applause.

When Gen. Harrison had concluded, Senator Booth, of California, made an address.

Congressional Nominations.

ST. LOUIS, August 18.—The Republicans of the Sixth district o. this State have nominated H. E. Havens for Congress.

DES MOINES, August 18.—The Republicans of the Third district nominated Thos. Ryan for Congress to-day.

New York Republicans

NEW YORK, August 18.—One-half the city delegation to the Saratoga Convention elected to-night are anti-Cornell men. The Reform Club elected a full set of delegates to the Convention, headed by John A. Dix, but it is probable they won't be admitted.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

——Yesterday was another very warm day.

——Peaches were plenty yesterday at one dollar a box.

——The Lucy furnace is being repaired at a cost of $16,000.

——The McKee boat house will be formally opened this evening.

——Next week the supply of grapes, peaches and tomatoes will be abundant for canning.

——The glass business is said to be looking up, and it is thought that all the flint works in the city will soon be in operation again.

——John McCabe, son of Mr. McCabe on Thirty-third street, fell from a second story window yesterday and fractured both his arms.

——A freight train was wrecked on the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R yesterday, near Alliance, delaying the through passenger trains about one hour.

——An Indian squaw arrived at the Union Depot yesterday from the west. After taking dinner at the Depot Hotel, she continued her trip eastward.

——Past Grand Sire, James B. Nicholson, will address the I. O. O. F.'s at Germania Hall this evening. The reputation of the speaker will no doubt induce a full attendance.

——The alarm of fire from box 25 about 8 o'clock last evening was the result of a slight blaze in the kitchen of Simpson's saloon, on Grant street, just below Second avenue. Damage immaterial.

——A Mr. Maddocks, employed at Clark's mill, got into a difficulty with a fellow workman, Sowerby, and Maddocks was struck on the head with a pair of heavy tongs, inflicting a severe wound.

——The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has decided to make a reduction of about eight hundred men in their working force between New York and Pittsburgh. The present force numbers about six thousand.

——A spirited horse attached to a wagon ran off on Virgin alley yesterday morning, and dashed down to Wood street, where the vehicle came in contact with a fireplug. No damage of any consequence was done.

——The Committee on City Printing again failed to get a quorum yesterday afternoon. A committee was to the hour was the cause, part of the members supposing it was 3 o'clock, and others thinking it was called for 4

——A Pittsburgher named Logan, who has been in the California gold regions for a number of years, where it is said he has acquired quite a fortune, died in Philadelphia a few days since, where he was stopping, previous to his visit to his relations in this city.

——Yesterday morning a runaway occurred on Allegheny avenue, near the old Round House, Allegheny. The vehicle attached to the frightened horse contained a woman and a boy. The lad's side was bruised and the lady sustained a fracture of the wrist.

——The Coroner held an inquest on the body of Mary Sullivan, the little girl killed at Wood's Run, Thursday evening. The jury, after hearing the evidence, fully exonerated Mulligan, the driver of the wagon which ran over the girl, and returned a verdict of accidental death.

——The report in an evening paper that "war has been declared" between the rival railroad companies we are assured is without foundation. Any disagreement between these companies will be amicably adjusted, and there will be no cutting down of passenger rates to Philadelphia.

——Washington, Greene, Fayette and Westmoreland counties, and the county of Allegheny south of the Allegheny and Ohio rivers, now compose the U. S. Internal Revenue district, over which Mr. Thomas M. Davis has been retained as Collector. Beaver, Butler, Armstrong, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield and Allegheny county, north of the Ohio river, are consolidated into the Twenty-third Pennsylvania district, and John M. Sullivan appointed.

——A German was at work on a scaffold under the new Point bridge yesterday afternoon, and was about forty feet from the the ground, when by some means he lost his hold and fell. Before alighting on ground he struck against some stone piles, which broke the severity of his fall. He was picked up in an unconscious condition, but soon revived, and was removed to his home. No bones were broken, but it is thought he was injured internally.

——A Mrs. Pfarr, wife of Andrew Pfarr, of Cambria, left her husband some three years since and came to this city, where she married Joseph Redinger. A few months since she returned to Cambria county, where she was followed by Redinger, and the two have been living together in sight of the former husband's house since that time. Yesterday an information was made against the woman before a Johnstown magistrate, charging her with adultery, upon which charge she will have a hearing this evening.

——The managers of the Pennsylvania Reform School have let the following contracts for work at Morganza: For erecting a laundry building, to Swain & Dickson, at $3,795; for steam heating apparatus, plumbing, washing machine, and other internal necessaries, exclusive of the boiler and engine, to Kelly & Jones, at $3,745; the boiler, shafting and engine, to Anderson, Maxwell & Porter, at $1,075. For the first named contract there were five bids, for the second two, and third four.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

JOHN MULALLY, a boy, was committed for trial last evening on a charge of having stolen a pair of gold bracelets from the residence of Mrs. Bunton, No. 39 Second avenue, yesterday morning.

JOSEPH DIVERS, the ex-penitentiary convict who used his revolver so recklessly on the South Side, on Wednesday, was last evening held for trial on two charges of felonious assault and battery and will be heard on another to-day.

MRS. LUCY E. KUHN, a resident of Hulton, took two valuable rings off her fingers while washing her hands in the Union Depot waiting room yesterday. She forgot them until she had gone a portion of the distance home and returned on the next train, but could not find her property.

DURING the excitement on Grant street last evening, occasioned by an alarm of fire in that vicinity a man by the name of Patrick Gangan, residing at No. 9 Scott street, was relieved of a patent lever silver watch valued at twenty dollars. He saw the thief and gave the alarm, but the passing of a fire engine at the moment prevented him from being captured.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Brief Notes of Matters Personal and Otherwise.

THE *United Presbyterian* calls him Bishop "Whittle."

REV. PROF. GORDON, late of Monmouth, Ill., will preach in the Ninth U. P. church, South Side, to-morrow.

REV. D. W. SHEPPARD will preach in the Fourth avenue Baptist church to-morrow morning and evening.

A RECEPTION into the Young Men's Sodality of St. Paul's Cathedral, will take place to-morrow after Vespers.

REV. WM. SPEER, formerly of this city, was at San Francisco, July 28, *enroute* to China, his former field of labor.

REV. F. L. SENOUR will preach in the Third Presbyterian church, Sixth avenue, to-morrow morning and evening.

SERVICES in the Sixth U. P. church, Allegheny, to-morrow forenoon, will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Clark.

THERE will be no public service in the First U. P. church to-morrow, the pastor, Rev. Dr. Reid, being absent in the East.

REV. MR. MCMASTERS will preach in the Second U. P. church, Sixth avenue, to-morrow morning. No services in the afternoon.

Mr. S. R. Norton will lead the Sunday School teachers noon meeting to-day at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms. Subject: "Value of Wisdom."

REV. J. L. THOMPSON has received a call from the church of New Salem, Presbytery of Blairsville, and it is expected that he will accept.

REV. R. W. PERKINS, of Chester, Pa., will preach in the Thirty-seventh Street Baptist Church to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

THE Ministerial Association at Sloan's Station meets on Tuesday, August 22d, instead of on Friday. Members please notice.—*Recorder.*

REV. E. B. SNYDER, of the North avenue M. E. church, Allegheny, will preach to-morrow morning at the Wellsville campmeeting, in Ohio.

REV. W. D. HOWARD, D. D., will preach in the First Presbyterian church, Dr. Swift's Arch street, Allegheny, on Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock.

W. S. FULTON, Esq., of the Allegheny Theological Seminary, will preach in the Sixth U. P. church (East End) to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock.

REV. W. H. GILL will preach to-morrow morning as usual in the Central Presbyterian church, corner of Lacock and Anderson streets Allegheny.

MR. W. H. MCFARLAND, of the last Senior Class Allegheny Seminary, has been called to the pastorate of the Second church of Fort Wayne, Ind.

BISHOP TUIGG confirmed one hundred and fifty persons at St. Luke's church, Mansfield, on Sunday, the 6th inst. Several were adults and converts.

THE pulpit of the Second U. P. church, Allegheny, will be occupied to-morrow by Rev. A. Young, D. D., L. L. D., and that of the Fourth church by Rev. J. A. Gibson.

REV. A. M. MILLIGAN, who has been absent from the city for the past two weeks, will occupy his pulpit to-morrow morning. Services at 10½; afternoon at 3.

THE Fifth U. P. church is being frescoed and painted, and when completed will present a better appearance than when it was new. It will be open for services early next month.

THE Benedictine Fathers of Saint Vincent's Abbey, Diocese of Allegheny, began a Retreat on the evening of the 13th inst., under the direction of Very Reverend Henry Behrens, S. J., of Buffalo.

REV. WILLIAM PITT TURNER, A. M., pastor of the Trinity M. E church, has returned from his eastern trip, and will occupy his pulpit to-morrow and preach on the subject of "Camp Meetings."

REV. S. T. LOWRIE, D. D., of Allegheny Theological Seminary, preached to the Arch street Presbyterian, Philadelphia, Willets', the last two Sabbaths, and Dr. S. J. Wilson to Calvary church, in the same city.

REV. R. W. HAWKINS will preach to-morrow morning and evening for the Free Methodists of Braddock's Fields, on the occasion of their third quarterly meeting. A good time is expected and all are invited to come.

THE Allegheny District M. E. Conference will convene in the afternoon of August 29th, and continue in session until Sept. 4th. It will be a purely business meeting. All are expected to be present at the opening of the session.

REV. ALEXANDER YOUNG, D. D., Professor in the U. P. Seminary, Allegheny, will preach in the Second U. P. church, Allegheny, corner of Stockton avenues and Sandusky street, on to-morrow at 10½ o'clock A. M.

REV. DR. ALFRED WHEELER, of the *Christian Advocate*, will preach at South Side Grove, Allegheny, to-morrow morning for the pastor, Rev. L. R. Beacom, who has been called out of the city by the death of a relative.

REV. D. A. CUNNINGHAM, D. D., formerly pastor of the Bridgewater church, Presbytery of Allegheny city, but lately of the Spring Garden church, Philadelphia, has been elected pastor of the First church of Wheeling.

THE different Theological Seminaries, of which there are three in Allegheny, the Presbyterian, United Presbyterian, and Reformed Presbyterian, will reopen about the first of September, and continue in session until next April.

REV. J. S. EASTON, D. D., of Braddock's Fields U. P. Church, proposes, after the acceptance of his resignation, offered some time since, to visit Florida, and spend the winter there among the flowers and oranges with a part of his family.

THE Spring Garden church, Philadelphia, has given a call to Rev. Geo. P. Hays, D. D., President of Washington and Jefferson College. The opposition in his denomination to his retirement from his present position would be unanimous.

THE pastors of the U. P. churches, though generally ignoring the lighter fashions of this world, are rapidly falling into the habit of taking a few week's vacation at the sea shore or among the mountains." Well, they are but men of like passions with others after all.

REV. W. A. EADIE, of Baltimore, Md., has been spending a few weeks with his friends in Allegheny. He left last evening for his home, but as he says he is not at all good, he expects next week to join the pastors of some of the Allegheny U. P. churches, at the Sea Shore.

REV. JOSIAH STEVENSON will preach in the Seventh U. P. Church, Lawrenceville, to-morrow morning and evening. The church seems to be rapidly recovering from the effects of their late troubles, and it is hoped that under their new pastor, Rev. A. G. McCoy, a long period of prosperity is before it.

IT is well known that Rev. Alexander Clark is not particularly fond of being called a "D.D," but that he is entitled to that honorary suffix is proved by a parchment fished out of an old book-case in his sanctum a few days ago. The degree was conferred upon him by the Ohio Wesleyan University.

THE ordination and installation of Rev. A. G. McCoy as pastor of the Seventh U. P. church, Lawrenceville, this city, will take place at the next meeting of Monongahela Presbytery. Rev. C. B. Hatch will deliver a sermon, Rev. John Galley will address the pastor, Rev. J. G. Brown, D. D., the people, the moderator to preside.

THE Rev. Dr. Howard has returned from his summer trip with health much improved. His church, which has been undergoing repairs and alterations that will add much to the comfort of both speaker and hearers, will be ready for occupancy on the last Sabbath of this month, or at farthest on the first Sabbath of September.

ALTHOUGH the committee of the congregation have accepted the resignation of Rev. Pastor Herzberger, of the South Side Evangelical Lutheran church, an effort has been partially successful to induce the pastor to withdraw the resignation for the present. He has, therefore, consented to preach until other arrangements are made, or a successor is appointed.

THE Latrobe camp meeting, which opens Wednesday next, promises to be largely attended. The grove has been finely improved with cottages and everything requisite for the comfort of lot-holders and visitors. The meeting will be in charge of Rev. Dr. I. N. Baird, P. E. We believe excursion tickets will be sold at different points between Johnstown and this city.

THE Allegheny Valley camp-meeting will be held at Arnold's Park, on the ground purchased by the Association, about nineteen miles from Pittsburgh, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, next Wednesday, at 10½ o'clock. The dedication of the ground will take place the first day. Bishop Peck, Dr. Brooke, and other distinguished ministers will take part in the services.

ON Sunday, August 27th, the A. M. E. church, of Washington, Pa., will be dedicated, and it is expected that Bishop Wayman, of Baltimore, will be present to preside. A special train is to be run from the Union Depot at 8:15 A. M., returning after the night services. Joseph G. Hilton, of the U. S. Marshal's office, will furnish tickets to all of the colored brethren who design attending the dedication ceremonies.

PROFESSOR MOOREHEAD, of the U. P. Theological Seminary, Xenia, Ohio, formerly pastor of the Fourth U. P. church, Allegheny City, supplied the pulpit in San Francisco, Cal., of Rev. M. M. Gibson, while the latter gentleman was visiting here. The *Occident* says the Prof. made a very favorable impression there as a preacher, scholar and gentleman, and adds, "We would like to keep him on this coast."

THE arrangements for the Presbyterian reunion at Washington, Pa., on the 31st inst., are well in hand. The railroads have given very satisfactory accommodations. Fare from Steubenville, $2.00, and from Pittsburgh and Wheeling, $1.50, for the round trip. Churches or Sabbath schools in Pittsburgh or vicinity can secure, through Rev. George P. Hays, round trip tickets for $

DAILY GAZETTE.

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RING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY AUGUST 19, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 40f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 108⅜

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110⅜.

IT IS reported that the losses in the Spanish army operating in Cuba, from yellow fever, have reached an aggregate of eight thousand men this year, and bids fair to reach fifteen thousand before the sickly season is ended. The Spanish Government will not send additional troops till November. It proves that the re-conquest of that island is one of the things hardly within the compass of Spanish skill.

THE news from Indiana is particularly hopeful and inspiring. Even Governor HENDRICKS is said to be somewhat alarmed at the energy and hopefulness of the Republicans and the despondency of the Democrats. He is exceeding anxious to have a more earnest effort put forth by his party friends. In the meantime the Republicans are rushing in new speakers, and by next week the campaign will be progressing in dead earnest.

AS AN illustration of the earnestness and confidence with which the work of reform will be likely to be prosecuted by the Democratic party, we may remind our readers that through the recent session of Congress a most earnest effort was made to repeal the laws for the prevention of election frauds. This seemed to call for their most earnest efforts. It is impossible to imagine that all this had any other object than the opening of the door for the commission of frauds.

THE rendition of the third part of WAGNER'S new opera sustained the reputation of the composer, being equal in interest to the second part, which was confessedly superior to the first. One of the features of the third part was the introduction of a bird melody, which is reported to have been unique and pleasing as a feature of the entertainment. The fourth part remains to be given, after which the work as a whole can be considered, and its merits adjudged. It is already evident that it is a great work, and worthy the exalted ideas of the composer.

THE authentic and reliable news that the Turks still continue their outrages in Bulgaria will compel England to meet the responsibility she has assumed of having them stopped, or else tamely confess that she wields no influence and commands no respect in Turkey. LORD DERBY intimated to the Sublime Porte that those atrocities must cease, or else a fearful vengeance would be wreaked on the Turks by the Great Powers. To all this, the Turks pay no attention whatever, and the reported murder of an additional four thousand persons is the latest intelligence from Bulgaria. Is it not about time that England did more than talk?

THERE is a palpable misunderstanding and much misrepresentation relative to the Constitutional amendment, proposed by Mr. BLAINE, to prevent the secularization of school funds. The House passed it, under the stress of fear, lest, if left unacted upon, it might be used against them in the canvass. The Senate thought it loose, and substituted a stronger and more elaborate article. It was identical with the other in purpose, but more elaborate and positive. It let the Democrats out; for while the Senate passed it, the House was only too glad to seize upon the pretext to kill it. We are of the opinion that the Senate would have acted more wisely to have adopted Mr. BLAINE'S resolution.

THE *North American*, of Philadelphia, thinks the outlook in this State is generally encouraging. Referring to the desperateness of the Democracy, itsays: "To beat them we must work persistently. In this State we do not think the State Committee will have quite as much smooth sailing as they did with that very easy-going opponent, Colonel WRIGHT, of Luzerne. He did nothing at all for his party last year, and it was not difficult for our people to show a better record than that. Colonel HOTT says that on our side preliminary work was never better advanced at parallel periods than it now is; but he cannot afford to leave his work to fussy and incompetent subordinates, with an active, enterprising, and young leader like MCCLELLAND, of Pittsburgh, watching every chance to make a point for the Democracy."

IT may serve to lighten the gloom of hard times to state that the harvest prospect is very flattering in this country,—while in France and England the short crops indicate a much improved general market. Even in Canada, the crop reports are excellent, showing that this is a favored continent this year. The Toronto *Globe* publishes a general report from all parts of the Dominion, from which we gather that the hay harvest has been unprecedentedly large, that oats will furnish a good crop, that barley will be average, that flax is abundant, that potatoes and other vegetables promise well, and that altogether the prospect is cheering. The wheat harvest is expected to be poor, but even this may prove better than now anticipated. With us the reports are even more encouraging. The crops of wheat in Kansas and California have been already gathered, and are very large. From all parts of the Union good reports are made of wheat, barley, oats, corn, potatoes, and other essentials. The cotton crop also promises well. Hard times are bad, but famine is worse. So long as food is plentiful and cheap we have little to fear from want.

TILDEN was involved in a speculative operation in Michigan which has around it the old aroma that attaches to all his operations. As reported for the Chicago *Tribune*, by a person sent to specially investigate the facts, it puts TILDEN in a bad light before the workingmen. The *Tribune* claims that its statements are from the official records in Northern Michigan in regard to TILDEN'S connection with iron mines, his issue of shinplasters, and his heartless treatment of the miners rendered destitute by the collapse of one of TILDEN'S companies. The great Reformer was assessed the sum of $1,000—to a man of his vast wealth a mere bagatelle—as his share of the amount proposed to be raised to pay the penniless employes their just dues for labor performed. To an earnest appeal in behalf of these workingmen he gave a cold refusal, and the plan failed in consequence. This is TILDEN'S record in Michigan, a State which he dare not enter lest he should become amenable to legal proceedings upon numerous judgments entered against him in the courts. How well the workingmen of the Peninsula understand the matter is evidenced by the membership rolls of the HAYES and WHEELER clubs organized in the iron mining districts.

THE old idea of borrowing gold with which to resume specie payments has been again mooted. One or two Eastern papers argue its feasibility, in the most earnest manner. They claim that the Bank of England sold $40,000,000 in gold to Germany one year, and that it has as large an accumulation now as it had when that was the case. It shows, however, that Germany did not sell bonds for this gold, but that the gold was legitimately bought with Bank of England notes. We have not a moment's doubt, that were our Government possessed of $60,000,000 in Bank of England notes, it could, with them, buy just that much gold, irrespective of whether it would come to this country or go elsewhere. But we do not believe that it is either desirable or possible to sell four and one-half per cent. bonds in England, if it is known that the object is to take the gold to this country. England has once before met this identical question, and will probably do so again. More than this, it is far more important to the permanent prosperity of this country that we decrease rather than increase our foreign debt, than that there should be an immediate return to specie payments. When we resume, we want to stay resumed.

WHILE we have not, properly, any concern as to what the Republicans of New York shall do in the selection of names for the State ticket, we will reciprocate the interest of the New York papers in Pennsylvania politics, by expressing the hope that WILLIAM M. EVARTS may be nominated for Governor. He is a pure, strong man, and will give strength to the Presidential ticket. The New York *Tribune* says, replying to the statement that he will not accept the candidacy. Mr. EVARTS has not refused the use of his name in the pending State canvass. The printed statements to that effect are without foundation. He certainly is not seeking office, but no one has any right to doubt that, if called upon at such a time as this, to accept the nomination of the party with which he has always been identified, for the Governorship of this State, he would obey the call, as he would discharge any other plain public duty. There seems growing reason to believe that he will be called upon. It is already perfectly evident that the nomination of Mr. CORNELL would insure the State to TILDEN, and there is reason to believe that Mr. CORNELL'S friends are thoroughly conscious of the fact. It is equally clear that the nomination of any such man as Mr. ANDREW D. WHITE in the CORNELL interest, would be even more disastrous, since it would have all the weakness without any of the strength of Mr. CORNELL'S own candidacy. Judge ROBERTSON and Governor WOODFORD have many warm friends, but neither would be likely to contest the nomination at all with Mr. EVARTS. For Governor MORGAN the movement is much more formidable, but the universal recognition of the fact that Mr. EVARTS would be the strongest candidate, and that his candidacy is what the Democrats most dread, promises now to control the convention.

GRAVELY AMUSING.

It has been the special delight of Democratic journals to represent the President as a dull but fortunate man, who by some strange chance blundered into military success, and then through silence, stepped into the Presidency. It is noticeable, however, that when they invaded his territory, during the recent Congress, they received rebukes that were as shrewd and intelligent as they were cutting. His last move toward the gentry who have not hesitated to be insulting toward him, may be classed as among the seriously humorous affairs, —a turning of points on adversaries, to their particular detriment and sorrow. Of course, SCOTT LORD'S resolution of condign punishment being meted out to those who terrorized men from the polls, was about as agreeable as wormwood and gall would be to the Democratic majority; but LORD was a Democrat, and had secured a number of Democratic votes in its favor. Moreover to send it to Committee or vote it down, would be fatal to the interests of the Democratic party at the North. Hence it passed, in the belief that at most it would prove a bit of harmless buncombe, that would be speedily forgotten in the rush of the canvass. When the bill for the increase of the army was pending, the Democracy were suspicious, and fought at the plan to increase the regular by two thousand five hundred men. They preferred volunteers for the special work of subduing the Indians, in the hope that these would take voting Republicans away from the frontier States, and at the same time compel the few regular troops we have to remain in the Indian country. The Senate was firm, however, and by going in with the House on the River and Harbor bill, secured the regular army twenty-five hundred more men. So Congress adjourned.

Before many of that fractions body were away from Washington, the President had given a practical interpretation to the patriotic resolution of the House that made the Democratic heart bound into rage. Assuming that the resolution was sincerely passed he directed the Secretary of War to notify General SHERMAN to hold all his available troops not needed in the Indian war, for use in the Southern States, in the event of any attempt to terriorize or coferce the votes of the citizens. It is a very quiet letter based upon the resolution referred to; but like many other quiet things done by GRANT, it is very suggestive of strong, stern business, in the event of its becoming necessary to use the troops. The President is simply determined that the outrage business shall cease, and that he will take effectual measures to that end. If warning will answer the purpose well, if not, there will be some effective work done in such Southern States as encourage such outrages as have been happening down there for a time past. It is serious business, but amusing in the turn it takes on Democratic resolutions.

THE New York member, Mr. HEWITT, assumed the defence of Mr. TILDEN, in the closing hours of the Congressional session, and in the progress of his speech, affirmed that he was not friendly, or intimate with TWEED, but had followed him to his arrest and imprisonment, as one of his most virulent opposers. The New York *Times* is at the pains to quote from TILDEN'S sworn testimony before the court to show that all the several statements of Mr. HEWITT, are the exact reverse of truth,—that he was intimate with TWEED, his friend, and that he did not join in the prosecution of TWEED till that gentleman was palpably doomed. The truth is, he was one of TWEED'S intimates through all his career of rascality, and until he was falling, just as he is an intimate of JOHN MORRISSEY, the gambler, to-day.

THE OPENING DAY.

The second Exposition of the Tradesmen's Industrial Institute opens to-day, at noon. While not fully ready, it is in a sufficiently forward state for the management to feel justified in opening, at noon to-day. The work of preparation will be continued for a week yet, in all probability, but this will be in filling up the vacant spots, and perfecting the display. The balloon ascension, the art gallery and floral hall, will be attractive features, while the exhibits will be steadily increasing, in number and attractiveness from day to day. The promenade concert, this evening will prove a rare attraction, the Great Western Band having made purchases, while in Philadelphia of new music for the occasion. Thus after a preparation as complete as could be made, the Second Exposition is upon us.

The struggles this institution has had constitute a chapter of events we do not need now to enter upon. It is enough to say that the direct business interests of our manufacturers and business men should prompt them to give it a generous support. The Centennial, it is found, has this year affected some who would otherwise have made a display; the hard times have influenced others, and thus it has been unusually difficult to provide a good display. Still, despite the fact that this is the most difficult year the institution will have, the continuity of expositions will be maintained by a display which, when fully complete, will fairly rival that of last year. It will not be in the same channel—but sufficiently varied to afford variety and novelty in the contrast.

The advantage of such Expositions to our city was proven by the display of last year. Not only was business increased at our stores, but the permanent orders established with several of our manufactories, were sources of benefit, which are still experienced. Aside from this, the publicity it gave to Pittsburgh, as a manufacturing centre, was of great and permanent value. These facts should inspire a friendly interest in the enterprise, and lead to its steady support. The Chamber of Commerce has set an example of good will, through a series of resolutions, prepared by J. F. DRAVO, and submitted by Major SWEARINGEN. The Directors of the Tradesmen's Institute have responded by inviting the Chamber to hold its meetings in the institution during the continuance of the Exposition. This feeling of cordiality should be general. At the present, it may be said, that considering difficulties, the Exposition this year will be a notable success.

THE NEW SOUTH.

We have seen, recently, two private letters, one written by a Democrat residing in Kentucky, a gentleman who, while he has steadily voted the Democratic ticket, was connected with an Iowa regiment during the war, and was a loyal patriot during the war. He describes a local election in the Kentucky town in which he resides, the brutality, and lawless violence and eventual murder with which the day closed. The rebel spirit developed was too much for him, though a Democrat, and he was anxious to get away from the place. The scenes described did not find their way into print, and serve to illustrate that there is many a foul political murder committed at the South, of which nothing is known at the North.

We were yesterday shown another private letter written to DANIEL EWER, Esq., relative to the condition of things in Alabama since the election in that State. The following is an extract from this letter, the truth of which is fully vouched for, but the name of the author, for obvious reasons, we cannot give. He resides in Selma, Alabama: "The Democrats have carried the State and their rejoicing is unbounded. They expect to ride into power, and already talk of the prospective price of ex-slaves. They are more insolent now than any time since I have been here. If they continue so I shan't feel comfortable to remain here during the campaign, and I don't know that I shall." Is it possible, with the above before us, to doubt the spirit which animates the Democracy of the South? Murder, to terrorize, in order to secure national power, this power to be used to restore slavery.

NASBY.

A Convocation of Democrat Stumpers Receive Their Instructions from an Agent of Tilden—The Harmony that Prevailed, and How it Was Brought About.

Toledo Blade:

CONFEDRIT X ROADS,
WICH IS IN THE STATE UV KENTUCKY,
August 14th, 1876.

The men uv inflooence and them ez hez bin appinted to stump the State uv Injeany for the great reformer Tilden, and the finanshel genius uv the 19th sentry, Hendrix, met on the call uv the chairman uv the central committy, in Injenapolis, yisterday, to be instructid in their dooties by the grand organizer, which is makin a toor uv the diffrent States a doin uv that.

One uv the speekers remarked that it wuz ez hot ez h—l, and I rebooked him to-wunst.

"Don't speek disrespectfully uv that place," sed I, "the bett uv our friends are there. Never hevin scratched the Dimocratic ticket, I bleve I cood be elected to Congris from that distrik myself."

The grand organizer got to bizness to-wunst. He took the Dimocratic platform and explained it to the speekers so that ther shood be yoonanimity in their talk, and so that they shoodent clash in different parts uv the State, but present a yoonifform front to the enemy. He got to the civil service plank and remarked:

"Gentlemen, on this pint yoo must dwell with great earnestness, and at much length. Make no mistakes in this. Insist that ef Tilden and Hendrix is elected, no man shel be histed out uv offis becoz uv his politikle vews; that no man shel be appinted to offis becoz uv servises to party, and that finis, honesty and sich, wich were Jeffersonyun tenets, shel govern the distribooshen uv patronage. Remember this and make no mistakes about it. This must be dwelt upon."

Immejitly every one uv the stumpers rose ez one man to his feet, and demandid to be heerd. They came up in solid platoons, and ez I glanced along that line uv shinin noses, I wuz reminded uv fireworks.

"This is all very well," sed one, "but I expected that I wuz ty be collecter uv the deestrik, in the event uv the elecshen uv the grate reformer."

"I will hev the postoffis in my town, or not a word will I howl!" shieked another.

And every blessid one uv em insistid that he'd hev a place or reform mite go to blazes.

The grand organizer rose, camly, selectid a book from out uv a dozen or more he hed, and addressed hisself to the first man who raised a shindy.

"Your name is—"

"Simpkins."

"Your county?"

"Posey."

"You are down for collector, I see. Uv course yoo will hev it."

"And what is fixed for me?" demanded the second.

"Yoo are to hev the Postoffis in your town. And before we go any further we will settle this matter of the offises. We arranged it with yoor committy at St. Loois."

And he red out a list uv the offises in the State, and who wuz to hev em. There wuz some trouble, for they all warnt provided for; nor wuz those which hed bin provided for akshly satisfied with wat hed bin given em. It wuz all fixed, however, for in counties wich hed Dimocratic majorities some uv em were promised nominations, and quite a number uv consulships and small furrin mishens were huv in to satisfy em all.

The next question that come up wuz how to treet the money question. Instrucshens wuz asked.

The grand organizer riz to his feet.

"Lemme see," he sed, "wat State am I in? Oh, yes, I remember, Injeany. I find, by referrin to my instruckshens, that in Injeany yoo must be soft money—moderitly in the northern part of the State, but rampantly in the extreme southern part, goin ez far ez Pendleton did, with a strong and decided leanin toward repoodiashen. Also down there you may sandwich in ez much uv the nigger as you can get in. Ef you hev any old banners left over from former campanes denouncin nigger equality and deprecatin marryin niggers it wood be well to trot em out again. Returnin to the currency, ef any uv yoo shood be called to speek in other States—wich yoo probably won't be," he added, glancin at ther faces, "don't tech the topic at all till yoo hev consultid the lokle committees. Be very kerful about this. And in other States don't go on the platform full of likker, so ez you shel not hev yoor memories. Be keerful about this, for ef yoo shood make an Injeany speech in Connecticut it wood rooin us. Don't git drunk till after the meetins, and after the people hev all gone home. Here yoo may do ez yoo please, for I shood suppose the drunker the man wuz the more he wood talk to the satisfaction uv the Injeany Dimocrisy, but in Connecticut and Noo York it's different. Yoo must keep sober till after the meetins there."

Whereupon the speakers all rose ez one man and remarked that ef it wuz all the same they didn't want to go to Connecticut or any uv them beastly States to speek. They wuz simple sons of nacher, and despised a bloated aristocracy, sich ez the grand organizer wuz describin.

Then I rose.

"Sir," sed I with a stern and determined look, one thing more remains. Are we to go out like the Apossels without scrip in our purses? That cood be done in Joodee, for that climit wuz mild enuff to sleep out doors, and the Apossels didn't hev whisky or tobacker to buy, ez I hev bin informed. I never saw in any Bible I ever red any account uv their doin' it."

"Uv course we can't elect the grate reformer without money," ejickulated another. "In my country I hev to import a couple uv hundred uv Irish patriots who ain't nateralized, and there are ten or a dozen Irish wet groceries in my town who hev to be arranged with to keep em strate. Besides one man who hez a stone quarry rekires at least a hundred dollars to keep his men tite enuff to bring em in solid on elecshun day."

"My friends," sed the grand organizer, "all uv this hes bin provided for. Do yoo suppose the Great Reformer wood let the coz uv reform be jeopardized for want uv money? Do yoo suppose that John Morrissey wood let us go into the skrimmage unprovided? He is runnin his three faro banks nite and day, and hez pledged all his profits to the coz. We hev assessed all the men to whom we hev promised the Federal offises in Noo York, for money to kerry Injeany, and we hev all that we kin yoose."

And he gave each uv us enuff to do wat shood be necessary, and instructid uv us to draw on the committy in Noo York for more, ez fast ez it mite be needed, and went his way. He organizes Illinoy next.

Thus properly provided, both with funds and instruckshuns, I go gaily out to battle for the grate coz uv reform. I shell work in Injeany till after the October elecekshens.

Thank Hevin for a platform with sich solid planks in it ez civil servis reform and anti-corrupshen, and thank Hevin that we hev candidates onte em who kin appreshate my idees uv them grate questions.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
Wich hez hopes uv bein Postmaster.

How the News Repeats Itself.

The singular manner in which the news of this little world repeats itself, not only from day to day, but from generation to generation, is illustrated by John G. Saxe's poem on "The Press," which he read before Brown University in 1855. Speaking of the *Herald*, the *Tribune* and the *Times* of that year Mr. Saxe says:

Letters describing many rural scenes;
Ship news and often news from the marines;
Fortune's bright favors and misfortune's shocks,
The fall of Hungary, the fall of stocks;
The important page that tells the thrilling tale,
How empires rise and red republics fall;
How England's lion, loitering in his lair,
Essays in vain to fright the Russian bear;
How France, bemoaning the expensive war,
Would give her "Louis" to save her *louis d'or*;
While the poor Turk, who hapless luck attends,
Cries, "Gracious Allah! save me from my friends."

The last lines are almost an exact picture of Europe to-day. England is still afraid of Russia, France is just getting rid of her debt to Germany, and the Turk trembles far more at the thought of what Russia, Austria and Germany may do than at the insurrection of Montenegro and Servia. If Mr. Saxe had occasion to write on "The Press" to-day he would have little change to make in the poem written twenty-one years ago.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE,

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Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President, John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents, A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahn, G. Follansbee, Robert G. Schmertz,
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MY WIFE

insists on using only B. T. Babbitt's Best Soap.

EDUCATIONAL.

BORDENTOWN FEMALE COLLEGE, N. J.—An excellent school in a charming location. Send for catalogue. REV. WM. H. ROWEN, A. M., Pres. 16-143

BEAVER COLLEGE AND MUSICAL INSTITUTE, twenty-eight miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio. Buildings extensive and in fine repair. Thoroughly equipped. Superior to any and less expensive than most.
Send for Catalogue.
July 8-29-13 R. J. TAYLOR.

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE, A Collegiate School for Young Ladies, corner of Penn avenue and Fourth street. The next session of this school will begin on Monday, September 11. Both day and boarding pupils received. Letters giving full information can be obtained at the Book Stores, or at the Institute after the 23d inst. REV. R. J. COOPER, Rector. 127-TTSA

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AT THE RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.—Instruction very practical. Advantages unsurpassed in this country. Graduates obtain excellent positions. Respens Sept. 16. For the Annual Register, containing improved Course of Study, and full particulars, address PROF. CHARLES DROWNE, Director.

CHAMBERSBURG ACADEMY, PA.—Delightful location. Easy of access. Experienced teachers. New library. Health-full exercise. Hazlewood. Duties resumed Sept. 6.
J. H. SHUMAKER, PH. D., Principal.
The Principal will be at the Seventh Avenue Hotel on the 30th and 31st of August, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and any others who wish to make inquiries regarding the School.

INGHAM UNIVERSITY FOR LADIES, LE ROY, GENESSEE CO., N. Y.—Full College Course. Diploma. Degree. Location healthful. Buildings unsurpassed. Directors and Conservatory methods employed. New Art College, arranged after the method of New York and Boston Schools, under the direction of accomplished artists. Drawing and Painting from life. Location healthy. Instruction thorough. Terms moderate. Forty-second year opens September 14. For catalogues, address MRS. E. E. L. STAUNTON. 870-TTSS

NEWELL INSTITUTE,

FOR BOYS.

47 SEVENTH STREET,

Will reopen on Monday, September 4th. Young men prepared for entering College, or for business. For course of Study, Terms, &c., see Catalogues at Book and Music Stores. Applications for admission will be received at 47 Seventh street, on and after August 23.
BURCHFIELD & MCCREERY.
138

PITTSBURGH SCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WOMEN, Iron Bank Block, Wood, Liberty and Sixth avenue. The work of School will resume on WEDNESDAY, September 6, 1876. Full attendance of pupils is requested. Information given at the School Rooms.
HUGH NEWELL,
147 Principal.

Pittsburgh Female College,

The leading school in Pennsylvania for the education of Ladies. TWENTY-SIX TEACHERS. Superior advantages in Music in the CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC connected with the College. Charges less than any school in the United States, affording equal advantages and accommodations. Fall term commences Sept. 7. Send to REV. I. C. PERSHING, D. D., Pittsburgh, Pa., for catalogues. 16-TTSS

Washington Female Seminary

The next term opens September 13. For terms, apply to
MISS N. SHERRARD, Principal
or REV JAS. I. BROWNSON, President Board of Trustees. 150-WS

LEGAL.

NOTICE—UNITED SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH. Having sold my stock and retired from said Banking Association, I have no further interest therein, but commend it to the continued confidence and patronage of the public.
155 A. C. SILVERMAN.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF JACOB COLLARD, deceased. Letters of administration upon the estate of JACOB COLLARD, deceased, late of the borough of West Bellevue, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to
SIMON MARKS, Administrator,
h56-8 28 Beech street, Allegheny City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN BANKRUPTCY. This is to give notice that on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1876, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of HENDERSON E. DAVIS, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 12 Church avenue, Allegheny, Pa., before NOAH W. SHAFER, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1876, at 9 o'clock a. m.
JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal for said District.
Pittsburgh, August 17, 1876. 161

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN BANKRUPTCY. This is to give notice that on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1876, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of DICKSON BAILLIE and ROBERT BAILLIE, doing business as D. BAILLIE & BRO., of McKeesport, in the county of Allegheny and State of Penna., who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupts, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 12 Church avenue, Allegheny City, Pa., before NOAH W. SHAFER, Esq., Register, on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1876, at 12 o'clock m.
JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal for said District.
Pittsburgh, August 17, 1876. 162

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the members of the Association, the People's Savings Bank of Allegheny, will apply to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for a charter of incorporation under the provisions of the Act of General Assembly of said Commonwealth entitled an "Act for the incorporation and regulation of Banks of Discount and Deposit," approved May, 1876." That the name and style of such bank will be the People's State Bank; its location the city of Allegheny, Pa.; its specific object general banking and discounting privileges, as granted by said act, and the amount of capital ($100,000) one hundred thousand dollars, with privilege of increasing to two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000).
S. C. SCHOYER,
Attorney for Association.
Allegheny, May 25, 1876. g12 s

Goods Must be Sold.

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

As a meeting of my creditors has been postponed until September 5, the sale FOR CASH of the entire stock will be continued for that length of time. Many of the goods are selling for half price. Stock of Fall Hosiery, Shirts and Drawers, Gloves, Ribbons, Furnishing Goods, Bags, &c., &c., is very complete.
Ladies' All-Wool Vests, 75c.
Men's Vests, 35c.
Germantown Yarns, 7½c per oz.
Shawl Straps, 25c.
Silk Umbrellas, $3 to $5.
Balbriggan Embroidered Hose, 20c.
Sash Ribbons, 12½c per yard.
Gents' Fine Shirts, $1 to $1.50.

Call Early and Get the Bargains.

J. D. Carlisle,

37 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURGH.

ICE.

ICE.

In order to reduce our stock, we will sell Ice at our office during the month of August, by wagon loads of 4,000 pounds and upwards, at

Eight Dollars (8S) Per Ton.

CHAUTAUQUA LAKE ICE CO.,
A. Hersperger & Sons,
OFFICE—Twentieth and Railroad Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa. 118

ICE! ICE!

ICE.

KEYSTONE ICE CO.,
NEGLEY BROTHERS & CUNNINGHAM.
GOOD ICE AND PLENTY OF IT.
Our customers are guaranteed a full supply during the entire season, ice delivered by the pound, cwt., ton or car load, at lowest market rates. Send your orders at Office, 109 Fourth avenue, or Beatty street, near Hiland Avenue, East End. P. O. Box 404. g19

NEW MUSIC BOOKS.

THE ENCORE.

A book for SINGING CLASSES, by L. O. Emerson. Contains 50 pages of "Settements," well arranged, a hundred pages of new, bright, interesting music, easy glees, 4-part songs, etc., for practice, and half as many pages of the best church music; thus furnishing the best materials for singing Schools in the best form.

Price, 75c, or $7.50 per dozen.

THE WHIPPOORWILL.

A fine collection of School Songs, in great variety; Subjects, Words and Music all good, and such as will surely please. By W. O. Perkins, author of "Golden Robin," "Shining River," etc.

Price, 50 cents.

THE SALUTATION.

New Church Music Book by L. O. Emerson. Fine Singing School Course, with abundant material for practice and a large number of the best Metrical Tunes, Motets, Anthems, etc. Choir, Classes and Conventions will gladly welcome this new compilation of a most successful composer.

Price, $1.38, or $12.00 per doz.

Either book sent, post-free, for retail price.

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Successor to Lee & Walker, Philadelphia.

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OLD SHINGLE, TIN, FELT OR CANVAS ROOFS,

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WHISKIES,

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Foot of Fifth avenue, near Hare's Hotel,
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DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

NOS. 165, 167 & 169 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1876.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—To accommodate our patrons, strangers and others visiting our Exposition, which opens on Saturday, we have further added to our very full stock some very special attractions and bargains, of which an examination will amply repay. Everything at extremely low figures. Departments all very full and complete.

DEPARTMENT A.

AT 23 CENTS.
An extra good bargain in newest and most desirable shades in extra width and finish
POPLINS!
Sold formerly at 33c,

NEW TYCOON REPPS AND FANCY PLAIDS, In a very choice line of new styles.

AT 15c,
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS.

AT 20c,
BLACK STRIPED GRENADINES, Extra Bargain.

AT 45c,
BLACK AND COLORED CASHMERES, Very Cheap.

Fine Colored Cashmeres, in Newest Colors, at very low prices.

Best value in
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
Fancy and Mourning Silks, Checked and Striped Silks, Brocade Silks, &c., all at our usual very low prices.

Ladies' Cloths, Ladies' Sacqings, Flannels, Plain and Barred, Cashmeres, Jeans, Fine Cloths, &c., Doeskins, Beavers, Alpacas, Poplins, Cashmeres, Reps, Delaines, Velvets, Velveteens, Lawns, Percales, &c.

At $1,00, an Unlaundried Shirt made of Wamsutta Muslin, finely finished, felled seams, and fit perfect All sizes on hand, in, warranted, and full 2,100 hand.

DEPARTMENT E.

(SECOND STORY.)

Great Bargains in Ladies' Embroidered, Braided and Plain Linen Suits and Overdresses.
Ladies' Seal brown and Navy Blue Chints Overdresses.

AT $2 50,
Ladies' Barred Jaconet Suits, worth $8.

Ladies' Suits and Black and Colored Alpacas.

Ladies' Suits in Debeges and Cashmeres.

Ladies' Suits in Pongees, Poplins and Grenadines.

Ladies' Suits in newest styles and shades Brocade.

Ladies' Suits in Black and Colored Silks.

Misses' Suits in Linen and Alpaca.

Ladies' Calico and Chintz Wrappers.

Ladies', Misses' and Boys' Calico Waists.

Ladies', Misses' and Boys' Embroidered Waists.
Ladies' White Embroidered Tucked Sacques.
Boys' Linen Blouses.
Children's Braided P. K. Dresses.
Infants' Marsailles and Merino Cloaks.
Embroidered Robes, Dresses, Skirts and Skirts.
Ladies' Gauze and Muslin Underwear.
Ladies' Drawers, Chemises and Skirts at 75c.
Shawls, Striped, Barred, Checked and Plain.
Shawls, Thibet, Cashmere and Broche.
White Goods, Barred, Striped and Plain.
Jaconets, Nainsooks, P. K.'s, Swisses, &c.
Table and Piano Covers.
Paunters, Bustles, Hoop Skirts, &c., new styles.
Men, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, ready made.

DEPARTMENT B.

Greatest reductions in prices of Muslins, Sheetings, &c.
Sheeting at 4½, 5 and 5½c.
37-inch Muslin at 6½c; very heavy at 7½c.
8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 Sheetings.

Bleached Muslins, 7-8 at 6c; 4-4 at 7c; soft finish at 8c.
Lonsdale and Fruit Muslins at 10c.

Tickings reduced to 10 and 12½c.
Feather Tickings at 15c.
Red Checks at 12½c, or 9 yards for $1.
Cheviots at 10, 11 and 12½c, or 9 yards for $1.
Tabbings at 25, 28 and 30c.
Tabbing, very fine at 37½, 50, 62½ and 75c.
Red Tabbing at 62½, 75, 87½c and $1.
Loom Linen at 33c, a very great bargain.
Loom Linen at 50c, a special bargain.
Bed Quilts at 75c and 80c.
Colored Quilts 87½c.
Bates' Toilet Quilts only $1.

24 yards best quality Prints, in short lengths, for $1.
Calicos, 4½ and 5c; best makes and newest styles at 6c.

New line Chintzes at 10, 11 and 12½c.
Special attention is asked to a lot of Remnants of Irish Linens at half prices.

Crashes at 6½, 8½ and 10c, extra good value.
Towels at lowest figures.
At 11c, White Striped Piques.
At 12½c, Satin Striped Piques.

Department H—Third Story.

New arrivals of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Mattings, Rugs, &c.

DEPARTMENT C.

SHIRTS—SOME VERY SPECIAL BARGAINS.
At 20c, a full Dressed White Shirt.
At 85c, a very heavy White Unlaundried Shirt.
At 75c, an Unlaundried Shirt, with good linen front and cuffs, latest cut and perfect fitting.
At $1, an Unlaundried Shirt made of Wamsutta muslin, warranted, and very fine, 2100 linen bosom and cuffs; seams all felled and fit guaranteed; all sizes At $1, the Progress Shirt, 2 in 1. At $1.25 and $1.50, White and Colored Progress Shirts, 2 in 1.
At 45c, White Balbrigan Hose, silk Stitched, reduced from 75c. At 8 and 10c, Children's and Misses' Colored Hose. Ladies' Colored Hose, a fine article, at 18½c.
A complete line of Housekeeping Goods, such as Bread Pans, Pudding Pans, Cake Pans, Canisters, Tea and Coffee Pots, Bottle Fillers, Coffee Mills, Pepper Sifters, Egg Beaters, Flour Sifters, Smoothing Irons, Graters, Iron Stands, Dust Pans, Tea and Coffee Stands, Pie Plates, Clothes Lines, Dinner Bells, Waiters, Soap, Perfumeries, And an endless variety of Small Wares. Blueing Hammers, &c.

DEPARTMENT D.

PARASOLS, CHEAP; EMBROIDERIES AT GREAT REDUCTIONS.

Fringes, Laces, Gimps, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Lisle Gloves, Collars and Cuffs, Linen Sets, Corsets, Mottoes, Zephyrs, Veilings, Hats and Bonnets, Flowers, Tips, Plumes, Feathers, Ruchings, &c.

Linen Bosom and Cuffs, 3-ply

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

197 and 199

PENN AVE,

Offer largest assortment,

ALL GRADES OF GOODS,

BEST VALUE.

Attention is directed to the following:

Hamburg

DAILY GAZETTE.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Abstract of Properties to be Sold by R. H. Fife, Esq., Sheriff, on Monday, September 4th, 1876, at 10 O'Clock A. M., at the Court House, City of Pittsburgh.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Five hundred dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck off, shall be paid to the Sheriff at the time of the sale, or by Friday, Sept. 8th, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid; otherwise the property will again, on Friday, Sept. 8th, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the same place, be put up and sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom it was struck off, who, in the case of any deficiency in such resale, shall make good the same; in case of the sale being for a very large amount, will demand that ten per cent. of the purchase money be paid in addition to the $500.

N. B.—For the benefit of our unprofessional readers, who do not understand the meaning of the letters and figures following the defendant's name, we make the following

EXPLANATION.

No. 1, Court of Common Pleas. No. 1 indicates the court of which the writ of execution was issued under which the sale is made; V. E., or Vend. Ex., Venditioni Exponas; L. F., or Lev. Fa., Levari Facias; F. F., or Fi. Fa., Fieri Facias, show the kind of writs, a Levari Facias is the writ of sale upon a mortgage, mechanics' lien, or a municipal lien; Venditioni, or Fieri Facias, upon an ordinary debt, or for ground rent; 99 S., means No. 99 of September Term, 1876, the number and term of the docket entry; the following figures show the amount of the debt, and the name following is the name of the attorney issuing the writ.

JOHN DICKSON.

No. 1, F. F., 1, S., '76. $17,243.03. H. & D.

Piece of land situate in Leet township, bounded by lands of Watson, Irwin, Wilson, Coffin and Chivers and the Beaver road, containing 60 acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a two-story stone dwelling, and two-story frame barn and other outbuildings, &c.

WILLIAM FECHTNER.

No. 1, L. F., 32, S., '76. $2,505.25.

M. & McB.

Lots Nos. 35 and 36 in Charles Hartman's plan, fronting together 40 feet on Hartman street, Eleventh ward, Allegheny City, and running back along Fleming street 100 feet to Clay alley. Deed Book, vol. 316, page 12. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 243.

2ND.

Lot No. 52 in said plan, fronting 20 feet on said Hartman street, and running back 100 feet to a township road, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling. Deed Book, vol. 316, page 14.

MARGARET M'LAREN.

No. 1, F. F., 51, S., '76. $536.65. WOODS.

Lot fronting 179 feet 10 inches on Chestnut street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, running back along a 30 feet street, 263 feet 2½ inches, and having thereon erected two two-story frame dwelling houses, stable and outbuildings.

ZANT M'D. SMITH.

No. 1, F. F., 82, S. '76. $7,290 82.

WOODWARD.

Outlot No. 229, in the reserve tract, fronting 24 perches on the north side of Strawberry lane, Allegheny City, and running back 86 7-10 perches, and having thereon erected a large two-story frame house, stable, storage house and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 58, page 472.

HENRY CASH.

No. 1, L. F., 98, S., '76. $732.34.

HERRON.

Lot No. 40, in the plan of the sub-division of the Brereton property, fronting 22 feet in the southern side of Ravine street, 22 feet east from Juniata street, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 100 feet to Chestnut alley. Deed Book, vol. 280, page 651. Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 66 and 67.

JOSEPH STURCHLER AND ANNIE STURCHLER, HIS WIFE.

No. 1, L. F., 90, S., '76. $654.73. B. & B.

Piece of land situate in Crescent township, adjoining land of E. Worth heirs, containing 6 acres, 2 roods and 16 perches.

ROBERT NELSON.

No. 1, L. F., 104, S., '76. $1,527.75.

McKENNA.

Part of lot No. 3 in J. C. Bidwell's plan, fronting 20 feet on the north side of Fifth avenue, 80 feet west from Denny street, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 102 feet more or less.

T. BERRY.

No. 1, L. F., 118, S., '76. $69.52. B. & L.

Two story brick dwelling house and lot or curtilage appurtenant thereto, fronting 20 feet more or less on Forbes street, 20 feet more or less from Magee street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 60 feet.

T. BERRY, OWNER, &c.

No. 1, L. F., 126, S., '76. $69.52. B. & L.

Two story brick dwelling house and lot or curtilage appurtenant thereto, fronting 20 feet more or less on Forbes street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, running back along Magee street 60 feet more or less.

JOHN HENRY.

No. 1, L. F., 131, S., '76. $193.70.

N. W. SHAFFER.

Lot No. 41 in East's plan, fronting 40 feet on the south side of Monroe avenue, borough Belleview, running back 132 feet 4 inches more or less. Deed Book, vol. 263, page —. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 111.

T. BERRY.

No. 1, L. F., 141, S., '76. $69.52. B. & L.

Two story brick dwelling house and lot or curtilage appurtenant thereto, fronting 25 feet more or less on Forbes street, 40 feet more or less from Magee street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 60 feet more or less.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

No. 1, F. F., 159, S., '76. $1,260.00.

PALMER.

Lot No. 29 in plan laid out by Wm. Ferguson, trustee, fronting 25 feet on Saw Mill Valley Plank Road, Reserve township, running back 120 feet to Vine street.

MORTON HUNTER, ROBERT S. SILL AND JOHN D. MARVIN, WITH NOTICE TO JOS D. WHITESIDES, JOHN S. STEPHENS AND WM. S. WELSH, TERRE TENANTS.

No. 1, F. F., 164, S. '76 $14,427.

A. M. WATSON.

Lots Nos. 1, 2, 70, 3, 39, 40, 41, 16, 12, 48 and 49 in plan laid out by Morton Hunter et al., situate in Shaler township. Deed Book, vol. 306, page 76.

BURNS.

No. 1, V. E., 166, S. '76. $32.90. B. & N.

Lots Nos. 17 and 18 in plan of Dr. Amos Ewing et ux., situate in the Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh. Deed Book, vol. 279, page 222. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 277.

JOHN BROWN.

No. 1, L. F., 167, S., '76. $33,600. PALMER.

All the bituminous coal underlying piece of land situate in Union township, bounded by Spring street, Main street and lands of Cavanaugh, Foster, Stevenson and Carter, containing about 90 acres, more or less.

ADAM POTTER, WITH NOTICE TO A. H. BAUMAN, ASSIGNEE.

No. 1, F. F., 168 and 243, S. '76. $356.18,$800

Piece of land situate in north Fayette township, bounded by lands of Pearce, Whetmore, Crawford and Adam Potter's heirs, containing 67 acres more or less, and having thereon erected a large two story frame dwelling house, stable, &c. Deed book, vol. 252, page 369 and 371, and vol. 334, page 385.

WILLIAM J. RADCLIFFE.

No. 1, F. F., 171, S., '76. $3,320.80.

STEWART.

Lots Nos. 1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 173, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 125, 126 and 127 in Irwin & Dawson's plan, situate in Versailles township. Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 260 and 261.

2ND.

Lot No. 76 in Mellon Bros. plan, near Homewood, and having thereon erected a small frame tenement. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 270 and 271.

3D.

Lots Nos. 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119 and 120 in Seely's plan, situate in the Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, containing about 1 acre. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 96.

4TH.

Lot fronting 25 feet on Penn avenue, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 100 feet, and having thereon erected four small buildings.

5TH.

Lot 75 by 100 feet situate on the corner of Pike and Fourteenth streets, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, and having thereon erected six small dwellings.

6TH.

Piece of land fronting about 550 feet on Stanton avenue, Eighteenth ward, Pittsburgh, running back along lands of Hill & Wilson to land of Schenly, containing 22 A. 76S. more or less, and having thereon erected two story brick house. Deed Book, vol. 294, pages 73 and 75.

CLIFTON WHARTON, OLIVER P. WHARTON AND JENNIE E. WHARTON, WITH NOTICE TO PAUL JONES, ASSIGNEE IN BANKRUPTCY OF WHARTON, BROS. & CO.

No. 1, L. F., 204, S., '76. $11,690.00.

COHEN.

Two lots fronting 48 feet on the south side of Carson street, 144 feet west from Phillips street, Boro East Birmingham, and running back 120 feet to a 24 feet alley.

ALSO,

Lot fronting 24 feet on the south side of Carson street, 120 feet from Phillips street, and running back 120 feet to an alley 24 feet, and having thereon erected four frame houses and three two story brick houses, &c. Deed Book, vol. 126, page 251.

2D.

Lot fronting 48 feet on the north side of Mary street, 60 feet west from John street, borough East Birmingham, running back 60 feet, and having thereon erected two two-story frame buildings, outhouses, &c., &c. Deed Book, vol. 237, page 353.

JOSEPH E. GILBERT.

No. 1, L. F., 208, S., '76. $2,069.55.

B. & L.

Lot No. 19 in R. Chessman's plan, fronting 30 feet on Sycamore street, borough Etna, running back 100 feet to Strawberry alley. Deed Book, vol. 210, page 114.

2D.

Lot No. 20 in said plan, fronting 30 feet on the north side of Sycamore street, said borough, and running back 100 feet to Strawberry alley. Deed Book, vol. 240, page 283.

WILLIAM FAIRLEY.

No. 1, L. F., 209, S., '76. $1,232.05 M. & McB.

Lot No. 38 in plan of Hugh Fleming, fronting 20 feet 5 inches on the east side of Sandusky St., Third ward, Allegheny city, and running back to land of James H. Sewell, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house. Deed Book, vol. 166, page 247.

JOHN LINDSAY.

No. 1, F. F., 210, S., '76. $51.30.

CARPENTER.

Piece of land situate in Plum township, bounded by lands of Ephraim Brannen and Woods, containing 49 acres and 113 perches, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, barn, shop, and other outbuildings.

JACOB BRUNER AND HANNAH S. BRUNER, HIS WIFE.

No. 1, L. F., 211, S., '76. $5,326.65. EMERY.

Lots Nos. 9, 10 and 11 in E. G. Edrington's plan, fronting 66 feet on Webster ave., city of Pittsburgh, and running back along Erin St. 160 feet to a 6 feet alley. Deed Book, vol. 135, page 300.

WM. HOCLURE.

No. 1, F. F., 222, S., '76. $316.66.

KENNEDY.

Lot No. 318 in plan of the Borough of Elizabeth, fronting 60 feet on Eighth avenue, running back along Ferry street 120 feet to Ninth avenue.

SAMUEL M. CORNELIUS AND J. M. LIGHTNER, TERRE TENANT.

No. 1, L. F., 226, S., '76. $1,523.65.

C. MAGEE.

Lot fronting 22 feet on the north side of Adams street, 66 feet west from Manhattan street, Sixth ward, Allegheny City, running back 128 feet 9 inches to an alley, of which it has the privilege, and having thereon erected a two-story frame house and a two-story double brick house fronting on alley.

HENRY BOHEKASTE.

No. 1, L. F., 232, S., '76. $2,639.17.

B. & B.

Lot fronting 25 feet on Sarah street, 65 feet 8½ inches from Caroline street, Borough of East Birmingham, and running back 120 feet to a 24 feet alley. Deed Book, vol. 296, page 554.

PATRICK C. DUFFY.

No. 1, L. F., 252 and 255, S., '76. $1,027, $1,024.21. McKENNA.

Lot No. 6 in Sarah R. Fetterman's plan, fronting 24 feet on Grant street, 124 feet 1 inch from Webster street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, running back 100 feet, and having thereon erected a two story brick dwelling and stone.

RICHARD E. BREED, WITH NOTICE TO JOHN W. ECKETT, TERRE TENANT.

No. 1, L. F., 253, S., '76. $39,864.69.

B. & N.

Piece of land situate in the Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, bounded by the Pennsylvania Railroad and lands of James I. Bennett and H. Findley, containing 15 acres. Deed Book, vol. 228, page 411.

PAUL RICK.

No. 1, L. F., 254, S., '76. $412.78.

J. H. WHITE.

Lots Nos. 1 and 2 in plan of William Bakewell et al., fronting 40 feet on the north side of Strawberry lane, 128 95-100 feet east from Beaver avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny City, running back along Superior street 120 feet.

JOHN BRITTON.

No. 1, L. F., 256, S., '76. $1,108 25.

POWERS.

Lot No. 89 in E. F. Denny's plan, fronting 24 feet on Vine street, 58 feet 3¼ inches from Hill street, Pitt township, running back 102 feet to Ash alley, and having thereon erected a three-story frame dwelling.

2D.

Lot No. 129 in said plan, fronting 24 feet on Vine street, 62 feet 7¾ inches from Hill street, said township, running back 121 feet 2¾ inches more or less. Deed Book, vol. 288, page 2. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 22.

GEORGE E. BREWER.

No. 1, V. E., 261, S., '76. $1,520 00.

BLAKELY.

Lot fronting 111 feet on the east side of Hancock street, Pittsburgh, running back along Duquesne Way 66 feet 8½ inches, and having thereon erected a large two-story frame house, stable, storage house and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 55

HOME NEWS.

Parties who do not receive the GAZETTE by 7 A. M. are requested to notify the office, and the carriers will be corrected at once.

The probabilities for to-day are rising, followed by slowly falling barometer, westerly to southerly winds, slight changes in temperature, and generally clear weather.

The Galaxy.

The September number of this deservedly popular magazine is now ready, and will be of unusual interest just at this time, as it may be called the great "Custer Number," containing a sketch of his life and a continuation of his war memoirs from copy received just before his death. In addition it contains many well written articles on subjects of interest to the general reader. Get a copy.

An Alleged Forger.

Detective Charley McGovern reached the city yesterday with James Berry, charged with having committed a series of forgeries in Cannonsburg, Washington county. Berry went into bankruptcy last winter, and it is said that the charge of forgery was made by the assignee, who was settling up the estate. He went to Tennessee, and opened a hotel at West-fort, just opposite Nashville, where McGovern found him. An attempt is being made to have the charges withdrawn, as the difficulties are of a family nature.

A Sad Bereavement.

We are pained to chronicle the sad bereavement that has overtaken Mr. Wm. J. Jackson, of the firm of Jackson & McEwen, and his estimable wife. They are called upon to mourn the death of Lulu Minnie, a bright and intelligent child that had found its way into its parents' hearts by more than usually winning traits. The sad event took place on Thursday evening. The father and mother have the deepest sympathy of all their friends.

The funeral will take place this afternoon from the residence, No. 157 Third avenue.

Sheriff's Sales.

We publish to day the Sheriff sales for September. The list though not so large as the former ones does not even yet show that prosperity in this county we would like to see. It is certainly hard to be sold out of "house and home" but it is fortunate we have a Sheriff who does not tear a man to pieces when it can be avoided. Sheriff Fife is one the most humble citizen can approach and get the same favors the richest man in the county could possibly receive. Large-hearted, honest and courteous he is making one of the best Sheriffs Allegheny county ever had.

Brownsville Avenue.

Controller Snodgrass' refusal to issue any more bonds for the completion of Brownsville avenue, has called to the front Judge Mellon, who in a letter to the Controller signifies his approval of his action, and offers to furnish counsel at his own expense to aid the Controller in sustaining his refusal in the Courts.

The Engineer Dempster and Controller Snodgrass viewed the route on Thursday afternoon, and from what they saw the latter gentleman is satisfied that the action he has taken in the matter was quite right. Both officials agree that the avenue will never be finished, that it would be a waste of public funds to appropriate any more for the work. What the result of this matter will be, will probably be decided by the Courts.

Grant Vindicated.

It has been asserted that Ulysses said, "Let no guilty man be punished," which we flatly contradict, while at the same time we will make an assertion without any fear of contradiction, viz.: That no man, woman or child that buys boots, shoes or gaiters from R. Tegel, 129 Federal street, Allegheny, can expect anything else than the best of goods and the best of bargains. How he is enabled to sell so cheap is not our business to know, but that he does sell cheaper than the cheapest of other houses is admitted by all and verified by thousands who have received the benefit of good goods, good fits and good bargains at his store.

Golden Wedding.

An enjoyable affair took place at Fayette City on last Thursday, being the celebration of the golden wedding of Hon. W. E Frazer and wife. Mr. and Mrs. Frazer are among the oldest and most respected residents of Fayette country, both having been born there. Mr. and Mrs. Frazer were married on the 19th day of August, 1826, and but one person, Mrs. Julia Carter, who was present at their wedding, is now living. There were about sixty persons present on Thursday, among whom were their four children, viz.: Peter, of Johnstown; W. E. Frazer, Jr.; Mrs. Prof. George W. Fulton, of this city, and Mrs. N. J. Connelly, of Fayette City, and their families; and R. S. Frazer, Esq., also of this city. The happy couple were the recipients of some very fine presents, especially one from their children, their grandchildren, and great-grandchildren conjointly. In the evening they were serenaded by the Fayette City band.

BURGLARY.

A Monongahela City Residence Robbed.

Chief Hartzell yesterday received from Monongahela City notification of a burglary that was perpetrated in that place Thursday night. The residence of Mr. J. W. Alexander was entered and a lady's gold watch and chain, a gold ring, a locket, and a valuable pair of sleeve buttons taken. The police are on the lookout for the thief.

BASE BALL.

The Press Game—A Card from the Juniors.

All is now in readiness for the ball toss at Grove Station, between the scribes of the morning and evening papers, this afternoon. Mr. Evans, of the Pittsburgh branch of the B. & O. road, has kindly placed a car at the disposal of the players and newspaper men who desire to witness the game. If the weather proves favorable it is expected that there will be quite a number of spectators on hand. Trains leave at 3:45 and 4:15.

The following from the Liddell club explains itself:

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

In Thursday's issue of the GAZETTE we saw an item from the Lancaster *Examiner*, stating that our manager, Mr. Barmetler, ran away with the funds of the club. We desire to state that the article is incorrect. Mr. Barmetler turned all the funds over to Mr. Metzgar to pay the hotel bill, which he did. Mr. Barmetler's leaving for Philadelphia was known to all the members of the club. As to the item in the club's name in Harrisburg paying for the supper and lodging, it is incorrect. The item refers to Mr. Metzgar, one of the members of the club, who arrived in the morning from Harrisburg. We left for Allegheny on the 9:30 train, as the paper stated, but did not play any clubs, as we were unable to make any satisfactory arrangements with them. Hoping this will find space in your columns, we remain,

Yours, &c.,

LIDDELL B. B. CLUB.

The Allegheny's again defeated the Standards at Wheeling, yesterday, by a score of 8 to 5. F. Curry was umpire, and it is claimed that he allowed the Alleghenys to make five runs by unjust decisions.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Special Meeting Yesterday—Monthly Reports—Remitting Fines.

A special meeting of the Board of Health was held yesterday afternoon, Dr. McCann, presiding, to transact business that was lying over in consequence of a regular meeting not having been held the week before.

The report of Dr. Snively for July, published last week, was read and approved.

Meat Inspector Lindsay's report for the quarter ending August 1st, also published last week, was read and approved.

Mr. Crosby Gray, Health Officer, reported as follows for July. Number of nuisances abated, 533; number of suits instituted, 4; number of permits issued, 141; received from permits $200.

The monthly bills were approved, among them being Fallmaster Czarnecki's for $82, for removing dead animals." The total amount of the bills was $481.35.

A short time ago the Fallmaster was fined before the city magistrate, named T. J. Young for not reporting the death of a horse in time, and for the costs of a removal of three horses. The case was heard before Squire Milliken, and judgement entered against Young for the amount of the costs of removal, and a fine of $50 was imposed for his neglect in reporting the death of one of the horses in time. Mrs. Young appeared before the Board and asked for a remittal of the fine, claiming that they were in such a condition that they were unable to pay it. After discussing the matter fully, the fine was remitted.

Mr. R. W. Roberts, who, in consequence of failure to attend to several notices of have a cesspool cleaned, was fined, appeared before the Board to endeavor to have it remitted. He claimed that at the time he was unable to pay for the work, was the reason he did not have it done.

Inspector Hunter was heard, and it being apparent that Mr. Roberts had neglected to order the work until he was compelled to do so, the Board concluded not to remit the fine.

It was decided to advertise for proposals for coal for the hospitals.

Adjourned.

Notice.—For some time past many of our customers have been disappointed in not getting what French bread they wanted at our retail department, No. 18 Fifth avenue. We have increased our facilities and will endeavor hereafter to have a full supply for all.

S. S. MARVIN & Co

Oysters.

Ask your grocer for the STAR BRAND.

DIOCESAN TROUBLES.

Bishop Tuigg vs. Secret Societies and the "Catholic Journal"—A Catholic's Statement of the Case—Imminent Rebellion of the Laity.

Mention has already been made in these columns of the existing trouble among the Catholics in the Pittsburgh Diocese arising from Bishop Tuigg's opposition to secret societies in general, and the *Catholic Journal* in particular. To such an extent have these differences reached, that the Archbishop of the Province has been appealed to by the lay proprietors of the *Journal* to interfere in the matter.

In order to get a better understanding of the case, a GAZETTE reporter yesterday called upon an intelligent and prominent lay-member of the Catholic Church to get his views. The facts as stated by this gentleman are about as follows:

Ever since the accession of Bishop Tuigg to the office he has been exercising what many of the laity consider an undue amount of arbitrary power. The gentleman claims that the Bishop has (1) in an arbitrary manner pronounced secret condemnation upon nearly all lay Catholic societies—societies which were and are now approved of by his immediate predecessor. He has also persistently refused to assign any reasons for such condemnation, and will not point out what especial features in the societies he considers objectionable. (2) His interference with the *Catholic Journal* is without just cause, and has done much to injure the paper, which is owned and operated entirely by Catholics. (3) He has pursued a policy against certain priests that has tended to injure their reputation and hinder their usefulness. (4.) He has exercised his authority in temporal matters arbitrarily, and has expressed the severest disapprobation of those who object to his acts. (5.) He permits certain priests who are in his especial favor to denounce from the altar reputable organizations composed ex lusively of Catholics, impugning the motives of the members of the organizations. (6.) He has refused to permit members of a reputable layorganization, composed exclusively of Catholics, to approach the Holy Sacrament, even though the members were without regalia or insignia of any kind to denote that they intended to go as a body.

It is not the intention of this paper to make an attack upon Bishop Tuigg, nor to mix in the quarrel between him and his parishioners, but only to give such facts as are of interest to the general public. The above statement of grievances is therefore, published in almost exactly the language used by the gentleman who related them to the reporter, the difference being that the language is much toned down, and a great deal omitted.

It will be observed that the trouble in regard to the *Journal* is a very small portion of the element that is disturbing the serenity of the Church. But the settlement of the differences in regard to the *Journal* will go far toward the adjustment of the other difficulties.

The same gentleman from whom the other information was obtained, gave the GAZETTE reporter the following statement of the *Journal's* troubles:

The *Journal* was purchased by some eight or nine priests, the name changed to the *Catholic Journal* and the paper conducted as a sound orthodox Catholic publication. Owing to financial embarrassments, a number of laymen were induced to invest money in the concern, on certain expressed conditions, one of which was that the priests should still write for and have supervision of the religious departments of the paper. Outside of the religious department the laymen were to have exclusive control, in a manner it was conducted until Bishop Tuigg objecting to the publication in the paper of news in relation to lay Catholic societies, secretly condemned it, and even went so far as to forbid the publication of said advertisements alluding even indirectly to the societies in question. The Boston *Pilot*, a paper which is owned in part, and is controlled by Archbishop Williams, publishes news about Hibernians, Emeralds, Odd Fellows, Free Masons, &c., and the proprietors of the *Journal* considered that they had a right to do the same. They therefore appealed the matter to Archbishop Woods, who recommended the matter be referred to Bishop Tuigg. In conformity with this advice a committee was appointed to wait on the Bishop, and the chairman wrote him a courteous letter, asking him to state when a conference could be held. To this letter the Bishop vouchsafed no reply. The committee then called upon him, but were refused admittance. The matter therefore remains in that unsettled condition.

The gentleman further says that he has means for knowing that a large majority of priests and laymen view with alarm the conduct of Bishop Tuigg, and fear that his actions will finally injure the Church. The feeling among many is exceedingly bitter, and an open rupture is imminent.

It is but proper to state that the gentleman, whose name we at present withhold, is perfectly willing that it should be given to any proper person who may desire it. He further says that he is abundantly able to substantiate every statement in the foregoing.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

Opening on Saturday of a Pleasant Summer Resort.

The White House, Nos. 72 and 74 Fifth avenue, has long been a favorite resort with those who enjoy a drink of good liquor, a game of billiards or of ten pins. The proprietor, Mr. L. Sproul, is a live business man, has always kept a first-class house, and so manages as to please all that patronize the congregate. Mr. Sproul is always "in" for improvement, and does not stop at any expenditure that may be called for in the interests of the comfort of his patrons. This hot weather, the rolling of ten pins, so healthful and beneficial to those having sedentary occupations, is too laborious, and most people need rest and quiet in cool retreats.

Mr. Sproul is now energetically engaged in providing for his patrons in this respect, and we are sure he will please them fully. The ten pin alley in the rear of this elegant building is up to date, being discplaced, and by to-day noon a cool and handsomely fitted room will take its place, where, gathered round the tables, the lovers of good beer and wine may enjoy themselves. The new summer resort promises to be an attraction, and no effort on the part of the proprietor will be spared. Music will be furnished every evening, while lady waiters will be in attendance. Under the charge of Mr. Sproul it will be properly conducted.

A Delightful Summer Resort.

The student, the merchant, the clerk, the laborer, and last, but not least, the family, require a certain amount of relaxation during the summer months, which to many is an absolute necessity. But a very small proportion of those who should seek this recreation, do not for the reason that they are unable to bear the expense of a long journey in search of the needed change. This, though, is no legitimate excuse, as there are places within easy distance of the city, where at no greater expense than the cost of living at home, all the benefits may be received that would accrue from a more protracted trip, and costly places of boarding. One such place is that of Wright's Hotel, at Bridgeville, on the Chartiers Valley railway, which is within forty minutes time of the city, and within two minutes walk of the station. The proprietor has had many years experience in his line, and is ever assiduous and attentive to promote the comfort and happiness of his guests, and ever on the alert to anticipate their wants and satisfy them when known. The house is large, having a commanding and healthy location, with groves of trees, affording shade and shelter from the scorching rays of the sun, where children may romp and frolic to their heart's content and the invigoration of their tender constitutions. A beautiful campground affords every opportunity for indulging in this innocent, but exhilerating pastime. The house is lighted with gas, the rooms are large, airy and cheerful, and all the interior appointments arranged with a view to comfort and convenience. The cuisine is under an admirable system of management, and the table presents the most healthy and appetizing viands, excellent in quality and abundant in quantity. Are you a dweller in Allegheny or Mr. Monongahela valley and surrounding country from the Ridge to Braddock's Fields. About twenty-five cottages have been erected and more are now in course of construction. This work is under the supervision of Capt. Dennie O'Neill. Messrs. Blythe & Fraser, of Monongahela City, are building a large and commodious hotel. The painting is being done by R. C. Craft, of this city. A large and substantial fence encircles about twenty acres of ground. Taken as a whole the condition of the camp, even in its yet unfinished condition, was a very agreeable surprise. The managers announce the commencement of the season for Wednesday, the 23d, but it looks doubtful whether they can be ready by that time. A good many have said that if the opening was postponed for one week they would build. Mr. Adams and his family, of the South Side, went out to the camp yesterday. A stake driven in the ground, with the name of Hon. George V. Lawrence tacked on it, indicates that he has a lot there. He will, it is said, build during the coming season.

Court Brevities.

U. S. MARSHALL HALL started to Butler yesterday to sell the one hundred and eighty-seven gallons of whisky, seized by the Government, at the distillery of Heffan & Co., for violation of the revenue laws.

ROB'T. PATTERSON instituted proceedings in ejectment in the Common Pleas Court No. 2 against John O'Neil, C. M. Westlake, W. K. Hobson, John W. Wood, Wm. Krump, Jno. Adams, Rev. T. N. Boyle, John O'Neil, Jr., and R. B. Abrams, Esq. The plaintiff seeks to recover possession of a piece of land in Mifflin township, containing about sixteen acres. A statement was issued.

Nothing to Equal It.

If a penny saved is two pence earned, then a better opportunity to make money was never presented than the closing out sale of Boots and Shoes at G. D. Simen's, No. 84 Ohio street, Allegheny City. Read and be convinced:

Men's working shoes, only	$1.00
Boys' shoes, heavy and good, only	$1.00
Men's congress gaiters, calf, only	$1.50
Farmers' double soled kip boots	$2.50

The entire stock is offered for the next two weeks at immense reductions.

Eagle Shoe Store.

85 Smithfield street, beats them all in prices.

We are Selling Fine French and Bohemian

Champagne Glasses worth $12 per doz. for	$6 00
Champagne Glasses worth $10 per doz. for	5 00
Champagne glasses worth $8 per doz. for	4 00
Champagne Glasses worth $5 per doz. for	2 50
Champagne Glasses worth $4 per doz. for	2 00

E. D. WEYBURN & CO.,
90 Smithfield street.

Unanimously Elected.

Una voce, it has been decided by all whom it concerns that R. Tegel No. 53 Smithfield street is the boss Merchant Tailor of those who may become his patrons. A full line of fresh and fashionable cloths, cassimeres and vestings of superior quality will be made into suits at hard pan prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. None asked to take goods from the store that are not suitable.

Eagle Shoe Store.

85 Smithfield street, beats them all in prices.

To a Gentleman

Possessing the proper qualifications, Mr. C. M. Horne, No. 115 Fourth avenue, is prepared to offer most advantageous terms, either salary or commission, to represent a first-class insurance company. Apply at the office on Saturday, August 19th.

To a man of energy and education this is a rare opportunity.

Choice Reading.

After six days of toil and labor the mind naturally turns aside to seek rest and recreation in a good book, magazine, or paper with a synopsis of the week's doings in all kinds. The choicest reading matter of all kinds, with all the latest magazines, novels and standard publications, are to be found in great variety at Gildenfeuny's, No. 69 Fifth avenue.

Shoes for the Million.

The largest stock of boots and shoes in the two cities, selling at prices so low as to defy competition, at G. D. Simen's, No. 84 Ohio Street, Allegheny City. Must be sold before removal to new store. All grades, styles and sizes. Will be sold regardless of cost. New stock; material the best. Careful and durable manufacture. Prices the lowest ever known.

Come and Buy

At closing-out sale, the best stock of Boots and Shoes in either city at prices less than cost. Bargains in goods of rare excellence for the next few weeks at G. D. Simen's, 84 Ohio street, Allegheny City.

A Good Hotel.

Popular as the St. Charles Hotel has been with the traveling public, it is destined, under the new management of Mr. Montgomery, to take a still higher rank, as the new proprietor has been unceasing in his efforts to perfect every possible arrangement that may conduce to the comfort and convenience of his guests.

Castle Shannon Camp Meeting.

The Castle Shannon Railroad Company has made arrangements whereby the thousands who will visit the camp meeting tomorrow can reach the grounds every twenty minutes. Trains will be running to and from the grounds all day and evening

Eagle Shoe Store.

85 Smithfield street, beats them all in prices.

Her Pretty Teeth

were pearly white
With SOZODONT;
Her breath was sweet as summer's night,
With SOZODONT;
And e'en her rosy gums were brigh
With SOZODONT.

Special.

Why pay from $3.00 to $10.00 for Gold Fillings when Dr. Goehorn will fill you the same teeth at from $1.00 to $5.00? His fillings can't be beat. Reference: Dr. Sterritt, 277 Penn street; Mr. Chestnut, 315 Liberty street; Rev. Dr. Sproull, 295 North avenue, Allegheny. Remember the number—34 Ninth street, near Penn avenue. TFS

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Ladies, take your spare money and buy a watch. Solid gold unredeemed watches, $15, $16, $18 and $20, at E. DeRoy's Loan Office, 153 and 155 Smithfield street, GAZETTE building.

Fine Note Papers and Envelopes.

Stationery my specialty.

GEORGE W. BACKOFEN,
No 161 Smithfield street, above Sixth avenue.

CAMP MEETINGS.

Castle Shannon—Extensive Arrangements for the Opening Services at Arnold Park.

The twenty cosy little cottages at the Castle Shannon grounds are all occupied, and everything looks encouraging for a very successful camping for the season of '76. The di vine services of the day, public and private, have thus far been very well attended. Rev. Colhouer and Rev. Westfall are permanently settled on the grounds and conduct the religious exercises of the day. Among the persons having cottages here are Mayor McCarthy, Robert Marshall, Mr. Thos Scott, Col. Jas. Moore, and the Sankey brothers (not of Sankey and Moody fame, however). Last evening Rev. Westfall preached an interesting sermon, and Rev. Colhouer led in prayer. The services were attended by a number of persons from the surrounding country. Arrangements have been made for the large crowd that is expected at this camp on Sunday. A number of prominent ministers will be on hand. The Castle Shannon Railroad Company will run cars to and from the grounds every twenty minutes.

The services to-morrow will be as follows: Love Feast at 9 o'clock, under the direction of Rev. R. Stanton. Sermon, at 11 o'clock A. M. by Rev. L. W. Bates, D. D., of Baltimore. Prayer meeting at 2 o'clock and preaching at 3 o'clock P. M. by Rev. John Cowl, D. D., to be followed by a prayer and experience meeting, and preaching at 7½ o'clock by Rev. H. Colhouer, President of the Conference.

A number of preachers arrived yesterday. Mrs. Rev. Bradford, the lady preacher, of Ohio, will be in attendance next week.

Camp Arnold.

The Allegheny Valley camp ground will be opened Wednesday, 23d inst. The ceremonies of dedication will be unusually interesting, and will attract a large attendance. Bishop Peck, a powerful orator, will deliver the dedicatory sermon. Bishop Simpson is expected, with other divines, to be present. The choir of Christ church, with other fine choirs, have volunteered their services, and will be under the direction of the veteran George W. Alexander. At the close of the formal opening, the meeting will be placed in charge of the presiding Elder of the district, assisted by two other divines, who will conduct the religious exercises.

Quite a number of cottages are ready for occupancy. The grounds have been renovated and improved and will shortly be enclosed by a high board fence, now in process of erection. The grounds have an area of thirty-six acres and contain nine large springs of delicious water. The pulpit is after a unique design. A map of the Adams Express Co's. siding, on Grant street, is now being made, for the transportation of baggage &c., to the camp. It will be attached to the train leaving at 10:15 a. m. The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will issue excursion tickets, commencing the 20th inst. All trains will stop at the Camp station.

Patterson's Grove.

A reporter of the GAZETTE, desirous of ascertaining what was transpiring at Patterson Grove, took passage yesterday for that place with Conductor Austin, on the P., V. & C. R. R., and was soon landed in the grove. It is one of the most beautiful of the numerous camp grounds in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. From it can be obtained a view of the Monongahela valley and surrounding country from Braddock's Fields. About twenty-five cottages have been erected and more are now in course of construction. This work is under the supervision of Capt. Dennie O'Neill. Messrs. Blythe & Fraser, of Monongahela City, are building a large and commodious hotel. The painting is being done by R. C. Craft, of this city. A large and substantial fence encircles about twenty acres of ground. Taken as a whole the condition of the camp, even in its yet unfinished condition, was a very agreeable surprise. The managers announce the commencement of the season for Wednesday, the 23d, but it looks doubtful whether they can be ready by that time. A good many have said that if the opening was postponed for one week they would build. Mr. Adams and his family, of the South Side, went out to the camp yesterday. A stake driven in the ground, with the name of Hon. George V. Lawrence tacked on it, indicates that he has a lot there. He will, it is said, build during the coming season.

Sunday Railway Fares.

The Pittsburgh Division, B. & O. R. R., sell Sunday excursion tickets to all points in that division at two cents per mile for the round trip. Persons living out of the city in the country on Sundays can do so at little expense. The beautiful mountain scenery along this route and the many points of interest commend it favorably to the public.

Eagle Shoe Store.

85 Smithfield street, beats them all in prices.

Genuine Bargains.

Undoubted bargains can be had for the next few weeks, in a choice assortment of good and durable makes of boots, shoes and gaiters at G. D. Simen's No. 84 Ohio street Allegheny City. Preparatory to a removal to new building—Now is your time to save money.

Have You Seen the Ladies'

Solid gold unredeemed watches for $15, $17, $19 and $21, at E. DeRoy's Loan Office, 153 and 155 Smithfield street, GAZETTE building.

Eagle Shoe Store.

85 Smithfield street, beats them all in prices.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, August 19, 1876.

Improved weather exerts a slightly improved influence on the current business of the city, but no material change is noticeable in banking operations. There is no perceptible change to note in the local money market. Brokers generally report the demand for money unusually light, with an over-abundance of loanable funds seeking an investment. The inquiry from the country is moderate, and mainly in the way of rediscounts. Collections are reported as fair. Mercantile trade is very light in all branches—not expected to keep one-half of the employes at work, while many of the merchants are taking advantage of the dull season by enjoying a summer vacation.

The Exposition opens to-day, and should it exert an equal influence on business as it did in 1875, will prove highly beneficial to the business interests of the city.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold ..... 112¾@113 | 1868-coupons, 121
U. S. 6's 1861, coupons ..... 114¾ | 10-40's 108¾
do. 1865 ..... 114¾ | Currency 6's 126
do. 1865, new ..... 117¾ | new 5 per cents 117¾
5-20's 1867 ..... 119¾ | 10-40 per cents 108¾

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Central ..... 108¾ | Ohio & Mississippi.. 13¾
Erie ..... 14¾ | Union Pacific 86¾
C. C. & I. C. ..... 89 | Toledo & Wabash.... 13
C. & I. C. pref. ..... 85¾ | Wabash pref. 30¾
St. Paul ..... 38¼ | Adams Express..... 110½
Do. Pref. ..... 68¾ | American Express.. 61¾
Michigan Southern.. 94¾ | U. S. Express 51
Do. Central ..... 61¼ | Wells, Fargo & Co.. Ex 88
Northwestern com.. 38¾ | Quicksilver 12
Do. Pref. ..... 68¾ | Mariposa 6¾
Rock Island ..... 104¾ | Hannibal & St. Jo.. 12¾
Illinois Central .... 94¾ | Panama 119
Pacific Mail ..... 24½ | Iron Mountain 17¾
Western Union Tel. 77½

Robinson Bros. furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Board:

P. R. R. (B)..... 49¾ | Cen. Trans (B)..... 44½
Reading (B)..... 44¾ | Empire do.(A)..... 90
U. Co. of A. (B).. 31¾ | Atlantic & Sou.(B).. 15
Oil Creek (S)..... 16¾ | P. C. & St. L. 7's(B) 82
Lehigh Valley (B) 58¾ | N. Pacific bonds (S) —

Money closed easy at 1½@2; prime mercantile paper 3@4. The customs receipts were $316,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $93,000. The clearings were $22,000,000. Sterling was firm at 487¾@489. Gold was weak, opening at 111, and closing at 110¾. Governments were strong for all issues except 6's, which were weak on the probability of placing the new 4½ loan. Railroad bonds were firm. State securities were steady, except Tennessees, which are lower. Stocks were weak and lower on the circulation of unfounded rumors affecting the standing of financial institutions of high character and capitalists identified with the coal trade. Prices ranged from ¼ to 1¼ per cent., with the greatest fluctuations in Lake Shore, Central New Jersey Central, and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western. In final sales the market was steadier in tone. Express stocks were firm. The transactions were 91 000 shares, of which 7,000 were Western Union, 13,000 St. Pauls, 21,000 Lake Shore, 19,000 Michigan Central, 5,000 New Jersey Central, and 18,000 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western.

Governments.—United States coupons of 1881, 119¾; 5-20s of '65, 114¾; do '65 new, 115¾; do of '67, 119¾; do of '68, 121; new 5s, 117¾; 10-40s, 108½; do., coupons, 109¾; currency 6s, 126½.

State Bonds.—Tennessees, old, 67¾; new, 67¾; Virginia new, 27¾; do. old, 27; Missouri 6's, 106¼.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 71¾; Quicksilver, 12; do preferred, 14; Pacific Mail, 24¾; Mariposa, 6¾; do preferred, 7¾; Adams Express, 110¾; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 88; American Express, 61¾; United States Express, 60¾; New York Central, 106¾; Erie, 14¾; Michigan Central, 94¾; Panama, 130; Union Pacific, stock, 85; Lake Shore, 53¾; Illinois Central, 126¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 97¾; Northwest common, 38¾; do preferred, 63½; C.C. & I. C., 40¾; New Jersey Central, 59¾; Rock Island, 104¾; St. Paul, 38¼; do preferred, 68¾; Toledo & Wabash, 13¾; do. preferred, 32; Fort Wayne, 102¾; Terre Haute, 105½; do. preferred, 119½; Ohio & Mississippi, 13¾; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 93½; Atlantic & Pacific 103¾; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 12; Missouri Pacific, 83½; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 102; Indiana Central, 103¾; Burlington & Quincy, 129½; Hannibal & St. Jos., 12; Kansas Pacific, 24¾; do. preferred, 68¾; Pacific Bonds, 105¾; Union Pacific Land Grant, 104¾; Union Pacific Sinking Fund, 95¾.

LONDON, August 18.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £53,000. Consols 96 7-16; 5-20s of '65, 106¾; do of '67, 106¾; do. '68, 107; new 5s, 104¾; New York Central 97; Erie, 12¾; Illinois Central, 90¾.

PARIS, August 18.—Rentes 106f 35c.

FRANKFORT, August 18.—United States new fives, 104¾.

BERLIN, August 18.—The specie in the Imperial Bank increased 1,000 marks during the week.

Rocky Mountain Rye.

The Philadelphia correspondent of the New York *Daily Bulletin* writes that: There are on exhibition at the Commercial Exchange, of this city, samples of rye raised in Nevada from native seed or wild rye, that are the most remarkable in more than one respect of any rye we have ever seen. Starting with stalks among grain men. Rye is "nothing small" about either the rye or the distributor, who styles it mammoth Nevada rye in his card, but he claims it was found growing in a wild condition, and he has put forward to the acre; while for the flour made from it he claims equal excellence with the best flour made from wheat, and its bread baking qualities is said to be unsurpassed. Giving these claims for what they are worth, and no doubt they are not any too much, the rye itself is really remarkable, the berry being nearly three times the size of ordinary rye raised here in the east, being much larger around and better filled to them. It stands 7 feet high, very full, plump, instead of the usual half shriveled appearance. The color, too, is lighter than our eastern amber rye, being almost white in color and almost transparent, and deserving to be called amber. It is claimed that it is grown with equal success here as in Nevada. The samples of flour are really very fine also, and appear to be all that is claimed for it.

Hogs Packed since March 1.

The total number of hogs packed to date at Chicago since March 1, 1876, is 820,668 against about 540,000 for the corresponding time last year. The total packing last summer was 758,781 hogs. The number packed since July 15 is 96,364 hogs.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, August 18, 1876.

There is nothing new to report in regard to the leading merchandise markets; with the exception of Sugars, Petroleum and Provisions business continues very dull, with no important change to note in values.

APPLES—Continue to come forward very freely, notwithstanding current rates scarcely cover freight and commissions; offering at 50@$1 per bbl.

BEESWAX—The market continues dull; prices unchanged; 30@35c ₱ bucket.

BUTTER—Sales of prime to choice solid packed at 17@20c; do. roll, 20@22c; choice creamery, put up in ices, 27@28c.

CHEESE—In fair demand, with sales of prime Ohio Factory at 8@8½c to the trade, and 9@9½c in a jobbing way.

EGGS—The supply of fresh stock, guaranteed as such, is light, and it is difficult to dispose of stale stock at any price. Sales of the former at 11@12c.

FLOUR—There is a fair local trade, and while prices are weak, there has been no recent decline in the value of good standard brands. We continue former quotations.

Red winter wheat flours	$6.00@6.50 ₱ bbl.
Amber wheat flours	7.00@7.50 "
Spring wheat flours	6.25@6.75 "
Patent process and fancy white	8.00@8.50 "
Rye flour	4.50@4.75 "

GROCERIES—There is nothing new to report in the grocery business. While there is a continued steady demand for Sugar, all the other leading articles continue dull.

	SUGARS.		
Carolina	6¾@7¾	Louisiana	6¼@6¾
Cut Loaf	11¾	Standard B	11¼
Crushed	12¾	Standard Ex C	11¼
Granulated	12¾	Ref. Yellow	9¼@10½
Powdered	12¾	N. O. new crop	8¼@9½
Standard A	11¾		
	SYRUPS.		
Choice	65 a70	Fair	55 a58
Prime	60 a63	Dark	45 a50
	MOLASSES.		
N. O. Choice	65	N. O. strictly prime	62
Fair	60	Demara	60a5
	TEAS.		
Young Hyson	35a0 85	Japan	40a85
Gunpowder	45a0 90	Oolong	38a85
Imperial	40a 75	Souchong	35a75
	COFFEES.		
Fancy Rio	23 a	Rio (h pkgs)	20
Prime Rio	21½a22	Rio (loose)	21¾
Good Rio	20 a21	Roasted Java	36
Old Gov Java	32		

GRAIN—There is a fair demand for Wheat, and the mills continue to take about all that offers within the range of quotations. No. 1 red, $1.10a 1.15; No. 2 red, $1.04@1.05. Corn is firmer and in good demand, with an increased demand, the market is firmer: we now quote at 39@39½c on track. Shelled Corn is also dull, and there is a large supply in light it is in excess of the demand; quoted at 36@37c on track. Rye is dull and cannot fairly be quoted above 55@55c. No sales reported. Barley, An article on the "Barley Crop in Canada" will be found elsewhere.

HAY—New grass come from country wagons, $8@14; according to quality. Baled $12@14 on track.

MILL FEED—Bran reported dull at $11@12 per ton; shorts and middlings, $13@14; mixed feed and chopped feed, $15@20.

FOREIGN—Dealers all report a dull market; quoted at 70@35c ₱ bushel. Sweets selling at $4 25 ₱ bbl for Baltimores, and $3.50 ₱ bbl for Jerseys.

PEACHES—Selling at $1@1.50 per box, as to quality and condition.

PLUMS—The receipts have been comparatively light for the season of the year, and prices are firmer in consequence; quotable at $1@1 per stand of two bushels.

PROVISIONS—There is a steady demand for the big producing lines from the trade, and the west indicate an easier feeling as regards values, there being no recent change in our market of any consequence.

Hams—Ex S C ₱ lb — 13½ | Mess Pork ₱ bbl.. $20,75
Do. Canvassed 13 | Short Cut do 20,75
Shoulders Ex S. C. 8½ | Lard, prime leaf, tc 12¼
Do. Canvassed 10¼ | Lard, Ref for summer use—in tres.... 12¾
B'kf'st Bacon Ex S. C. 13½ | Do. do Tin family 14@14½
Do. Canvassed 15½ | Do. ....bkts.... 13¾
Dried beef Ex S. C. — | Do. ....bkts.... 13¾
Do. Canvassed 15½ | Do. 3 lb caddies. 14
Beef Tongues S. C. per doz..... 16¾ | Do. 3 lb do..... 15
Do. Pressed ..... 13½ | Do. 3 lb pails.... 13¾
Bacon Shoulders ..... 8½ | Do. 5 lb do..... 13¾
Short Rib Sides..... 12¾ | Do. 10 lb do..... 13¾
Clear Sides..... 12¾ | Ham Sausage..... 11¾

BUFFALO, August 18.—Cattle: receipts 644 head; total for the week 10,353; no market to-day; fresh arrivals were through consignments; 80 cars held for sale; market closed steady at yesterday's quotations. Sheep and lambs: receipts 1,000 head; total for the week 9,000; 3 cars left for sale; market closed steady and firm at 10@15c advance on the week's quotations. Hogs: receipts 2,500 head; total for the week 30,000; 3 cars left for sale; market closed steady at yesterday's quotations.

CHICAGO, August 18.—Cattle: receipts 3,000 head; shipments 2,500 head; market quiet and firm; shipping steers, $4.50@5.50; butchers' $3.25@4.25; Texans $2.75@3.75; common to fair $2.40@2.75. Hogs: receipts 17,000 head; shipments 4,000 head; market firm at 5@10c higher; mixed $4.85@5.05; heavy $5.00@5.20; light $4.75@5.00. Sheep: receipts 1,000 head; dull and weak.

ST. LOUIS, August 18.—Hogs steady; Yorkers and choice $5.00@5.85; butchers' $5.35@5.45; Philadelphias $5.25@5.40. Cattle: receipts 2,600 head; Texans $2.75@3.75; common to fair $3.40@2.75. Sheep: receipts 300 head. August 18.—Hogs dull; common light $5.00@5.20; fair to good light and heavy $5.25@5.37½.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 18.—Hogs unchanged; receipts 1,000 head.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, August 18.—The print market is very active. Stocks in first hands are very light. Cotton goods are in fair request and generally steady. Ginghams, worsted dress goods, woolens, skirts and hosiery are doing well. Woolen goods for men's wear are in fair demand. Flannels and blankets are quiet and steady. Silk goods are in good request. The *Bulletin* says 1,000 cases of new dark Richmond prints will be sold at auction next Thursday next. The advanced price in raw silk has caused a rise in the foreign imported articles. Yesterday the organization of the Silk Association was announced, with Wm. Skinner, of Massachusetts, President, and Franklin Allen, of the National Silk Society, Secretary. Nearly forty establishments are represented, or seventy-eight of the trade. A similar movement is spoken of among the manufacturers of the Eastern States, to secure harmony of action in an equal degree. A committee will report in a few days, with a conference upon similarly to the new sewing